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EXTREMES MEET Maximum Quality-Minimum Price

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Wholesale Price - List

HARDY PERENNIALS



Hardy Vines, Shrubs, Roses Evergreens, Fruit and Shade Trees, Etc.

WILHELM MILLER says in the Garden Magazine: "But now that the treasures of the Far East are lavished upon us, we have hardy plants suitable for practically every purpose the most exacting gardener can conceive. And wherever we have any special object to accomplish, we ought to try nine times to find a hardy plant that will do the work before falling back on a tender one. And this for two reasons: First, hardy plants harmonize better with our climate and environment than tropical plants. Second, as a rule, they are cheaper to maintain. And, in the long run, those effects which grow naturally out of the soil, and out of true economy, will be recognized as the most artistic."

The PALISADES NURSERIES

INCORPORATED

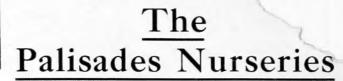
R. W. CLUCAS, Manager

Formerly conducted by Clucas-Boddington Co.

SPARKILL, N. Y.



Chrysanthemum maxi



OME seven years ago the inaugurators of the Palisades Nurseries recognizing the absence of a Nursery in the vicinity of New York City where a full representative stock of Hardy Perennials could be

found in commercial quantities, established these Nurseries for this purpose.

We believe we have now as complete a stock of this class of plant growing in commercial quantities as can be found anywhere and as we have made them our specialty we are in a position to give the best of satisfaction in the filling of all orders intrusted to our care, and particularly solicit the trade of Seedsmen and Nurserymen who catalogue Perennials, but who have their orders filled and shipped outside their own establishment to go direct to their customers. We would guarantee to guard and protect their interests.

A Few Practical Hints

ON THE CULTURE OF HARDY PERENNIALS AND HERBACEOUS PLANTS

From Barr's Retail Catalogue

In preparing the Herbaceous Plant Border, dig deeply and freely add well-decayed stable manure; after digging or trenching, the ground should be allowed a few days to settle before planting. Plant only when the soil is in a friable condition; it is better to lay plants in if the ground is not in good working order and wait rather than plant in wet, clammy soil.

Anemone Japonica

After planting the soil should be gently pressed round the collars or neck of the plants. This is most important, especially on freshly dug ground, where plants will often require recollaring two or three weeks after planting, while some which may have been drawn below their proper depth with the settling of the soil will require raising to their proper level. Use the hoe freely on fresh plantations, keeping the surface soil well broken.

freely on fresh plantations, keeping the surface soil well broken. The crust or surface soil of all plant borders should be carefully and thoroughly broken in spring and kept broken throughout the summer; if this is persevered in, much labor will be saved in watering, as the evaporation of moisture from the soil will thus be greatly reduced; the soil is also in this way kept fertile, and fewer plants are lost during a long spell of dry weather. The free use of the hoe also effectively eradicates from the soil such pests as ground slugs, wire worm, millepeds, etc. The best tool to use in choice borders and rock-gardens is a small swannecked onion hoe, and for larger plant borders a swannecked draw hoe.

Rhizomatous plants (such as Irises, etc.) should, as a general rule, be planted with the rhizome near the surface.

Rapid-growing Hardy Perennial Plants, such as many of the Helianthus (Sunflowers), Asters (Michaelmas Daisies), etc., should be transplanted every two years, replanting not more than two or three of the strongest single crowns to form a clump.

Remarks on the Question of Sun or Shade for Plants

The whole question of sun or shade for plants is mainly dependent upon the amount of moisture a plant's roots can obtain from the soil. On rich and heavy land, or deeply dug and well-manured soils, where sufficient root moisture exists, most plants will take all the sun they can get; whereas, on shallow, thin, or badly dug soils, shade or partial shade is necessary to the successful cowth of many plants, owing to the rapid evaporation from the soil and the plant's leaves, and the con-

sequent starvation or overtaxing of the roots. On poor, sandy, or shallow soils a heavy mulching of rotted manure, applied early in spring or autumn, will prove a valuable assistance to the growth of all hardy herbaceous plants, also a surface dressing in autumn of sulphate of potash, at the rate of 2 cwt. to the acre, or $\frac{3}{4}$ oz. per square yard, should be applied annually to help retain all moisture possible in the soil.

So much do plants depend upon root-moisture that often a few small stones placed over the roots, to retard evaporation, will ensure their success, where otherwise they would be a failure. Marsh plants, aquatic plants, and Alpine plants especially like full sunshine when they are able to obtain abundance of water at the roots; otherwise, they are best grown in partial shade.

On hot, dry, sandy soils, deep digging (in autumn if possible) is necessary at least every two or three years, with a liberal addition of well-rotted manure. An autumnal surface dressing should annually be given of sulphate of potash at the rate of 2 cwt. to the acre and surface mulching of manure in February will prove of valuable assistance to the plants.

Many plants like peat because it acts like a sponge in the soil in holding moisture (which is one of the primary objects in dressing land with stable manure), and moreover it is warmer than loam. Plants, again, which object to loam will naturally thrive in peat.

In gardens where there is little natural shade, this can generally be obtained by the use of tall-growing herbaceous plants or annuals, such as Sunflowers, clumps of Sweet Peas, Helianthus, Michaelmas Daisies, etc.

Best Time for Planting

On very dry, sandy, and hot soils, autumn - planting, where possible, is advocated; while on cold, wet and heavy soils, spring or very early autumn planting will generally be found to be preferable. The best months in autumn for planting hardy plants are September and October, while the summer's warmth is still in the ground; the best spring-planting months are April and May. Most tap-rooted plants are best planted in autumn. In cold districts, all autumn plantings should be protected with some slight covering, such as cut pine branches or very light litter, which let in the air, but protect during severe weather; cut fern or leaves are bad, as they lie too wet.

NOVELTIES AND SPECIALTIES

Whilst many of the articles described under this caption are new and novel or among the fatest introductions in the Hardy Perennial family, we do not intend to convey the idea that they are all novelties not before offered, as we understand the term might imply; but, as there are so many valuable Hardy Plants of sterling merit unknown to the general trade, we have given prominence to and specialized several among this list that we find are not easily procured in quantity for the reason that they have fallen into obscurity, in this country at least, by disuse, and are known only to the few.

The old saying that "Nothing is new under the sun" can perhaps be better applied in connection with these old-fashioned flowers or the favorites of old-time gardens than any other class of plants. Their having come into public favor in recent years has created an astonishing demand for not only improved forms, but many of the older or forgotten varieties which, by

long absence, are strangers and look like subjects for a new christening.

As to their special use, great beauty and adaptability, we make no comment here, for lack of space, but refer to the retail catalogues of nurserymen who offer them for sale, the horticultural department of all household magazines and the horticultural press of today, all of which appear to give them more prominence than any other class of plants.

This popularity is not surprising when we consider the ease with which they are grown and the amount of neglect they will

withstand.

Making, as we do, a specialty of growing Hardy Perennials, gives us an opportunity of judging the different foreign and native Hardy Plants, among which we frequently find a neglected one fallen toward the rear, but deserving of a front seat.

This, we trust, will make clear our reason for placing several varieties under this heading, and we hope to attract the attention of the trade and their customers toward them, as many should be better known and would be found money-makers for the retail catalogue trade as a leader, especially at the present time, when this class of plant is attracting so much of the gardening-world attention.

Amaryllis Hallii, or Lycoris Squamigera

Hallii, or Lycoris squamigera. A perfectly hardy Amaryllis, producing beautiful pink flowers. One of the very good things never widely introduced and almost lost to floriculture. In early spring it produces attractive green foliage, which grows until July, when it ripens off and disappears, and one not familiar with its habits would think the bulb had died, but about a month-later, as if by magic, the flower-stalk springs from the ground to a height of 2 or 3 feet, developing an umbel of large and beautiful lily-shaped flowers 3 to 4 inches across and from eight to twelve in number, of a delicate lilac-pink, shaded with clear blue. As the bulb is perfectly hardy, without any protection, it can be planted in the fall—the best time—as the bulbs will have a splendid chance to get established before flowering time. Cover the crown about 4 inches. Very useful for the hardy border or among shrubbery. 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz., \$25 per 100.

Achillea

Millefolia, Cerise Queen. We might call this an improved form of the Purpurea, with a bright cherry-red color, well adapted for massing; grows twice the height of the Purpurea. 10 cts. each, 75 cts. per doz., \$5.50 per 100.

Boule de Neige. An improvement on "The Pearl," with flowers one-half larger; a valuable cut-flower. \$2 per doz., \$15 per 100.

Aconitum

Wilsonii. Novelty, recently introduced from China. The graceful flower-spikes attain a height of 6 feet, and produce many fine pale blue or violet flowers. It blooms from the beginning of September until the end of October. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

Actæa

Japonica (Cimicifuga simplex). This pretty variety produces in late fall a large quantity of erect stems, with spikes of feathery white flowers. It blooms when there are but few other outdoor flowers. Very desirable plant. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$12 per 100.

Anchusa

Italica, Dropmore Variety. Sterling novelty. The splendid flowers are of the purest blue imaginable and produced on branched stems, growing about 4 feet high. It is, doubtless, the finest blue herbaceous plant in cultivation. Strong plants from the field, 15 cts. each, \$1.25 per doz., \$9 per 100; 3-inch pot-plants, 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz., \$7.50 per 100.

Anemone

Japonica, Prinz Heinrich. New; dwarf, compact habit; large, semi-double, dark red flowers; the darkest double Japanese Anemone. 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz., \$7.50 per 100.

Pulsatilla alba (White Swan). The beautiful white variety of the common Pulsatilla. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Armeria

Formosa hybrida. New and very effective rock-plant. Stronger-growing than Maritima. Various colors. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Anthericum

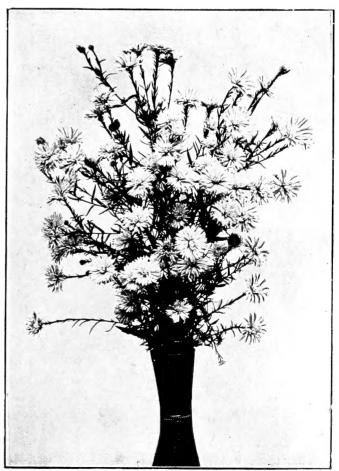
Liliastrum giganteum. This new and scarce variety produces stems of about 3 feet high, with pure white flowers of double the size of the ordinary Anthericum. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Aster (Michaelmas Daisy)

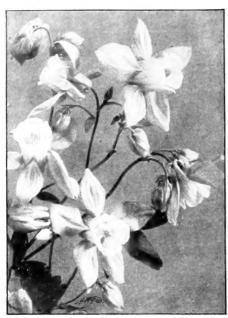
Beauty of Colwall. Of all the varieties of Asters that have been raised for many years past, there are none that can approach in beauty the above novelty. The flowers are perfectly double, of a very pleasing shade of lavender, produced in great freedom on stout, erect stems, about 4 feet high. It is of robust constitution, a good grower, and requires no staking or tying to keep in position. It has been unanimously awarded a First-Class Certificate by the Royal Horticultural Society, and is unquestionably a most valuable acquisition to this family. Strong plants, 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Amellus, Perry's Favorite. New variety with red flowers;

Amellus, Perry's Favorite. New variety with red flowers; the most beautiful color of this section. 15c. each, \$1.50 per doz



Hardy Aster, Beauty of Colwall



Aquilegia Helenæ

of the best. 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz., \$7.50 per 100. Sub-Cœruleus. A new hardy species from northwest India. Handsome bright mauve Marguerite flowers 3 inches across, each one having the contrast of a bold yellow center borne on long, straight stems, and invaluable for cutting. The plant forms a neat tuft of foliage close to the ground, from which the flower-stems are thrown up. Not least among its merits is the fact that the plants bloom profusely in early June; height, 2 feet. Award of Merit, R. H. S., June 20, 1905. 10 cts. each, 85 cts. per doz., \$6.50 per 100.

Auricula (Primrose)

A European perennial, sending out short scapes, bearing flowers of many colors. It is one of the most famous of florists' flowers, but has never received the attention in this country that it has in Europe. In this country it is generally treated as a greenhouse plant, but is hardy, and in the Old World is grown largely in frames. 15 cts. each, \$1.25 per doz.

Aquilegia

Haylodgensis. Long-spurred type. This is such an improvement over the ordinary Columbine that they must be seen to be appreciated. They contain light and dark blue, pink, white and red shades, long-spurred unusually large flowers, a bed in flower giving an iridescent effect that is difficult to produce with any other flower. Strong, 2-year-old field roots, 12 cts. each, \$1 per doz., \$6.50 per 100; 3-inch pot-plants, 10 cts. each, 75 cts. per doz., \$5.50 per 100.

Helenæ. Sky-blue, with white corolla, very long spurs; one of the prettiest, most vigorous growing and freest flowering of the Columbines. The flowers are of an exceptionally large size and beautiful form; a perfect gem. 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz., \$7.50 per 100.

Cœrulea. True species from the Rocky mountains, bearing lovely blue and white flowers, with elegant long spurs; height 1½ feet. We offer seedlings from carefully saved seed, which ought to come true. 10 cts. each, 75 cts. per doz., \$5.50 per 100.

Arenaria

Cæspitosa. Forms a bright green carpet, studded with tiny white flowers; height 3 inches. 10 cts. each, 85 cts. per doz., \$6.50 per 100.

Astilbe

Davidii. This new Spiræa, of recent introduction from China, has an elegant and tufted foliage and graceful flower-spikes of reddish purple color that grow upon stems about 6 feet high. 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz., \$7.50 per 100.

Alyssum

Saxatile fl. pl. (Double Perennial Alyssum). A beautiful new double-flower form of the "Gold Dust" variety, producing masses of brilliant golden yellow flowers; height 6 inches. 15 cts. each, \$1.25 per doz., \$7.50 per 100.

Asters, continued

Mesa grande speciosa grandiflora. One of the finest Asters in cultivation, being quite distinct, with large, dark blue flowers in great abundance during July and August. It grows about 1½ feet high. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

Novelty. This variety grows about 2 feet high, and bears bright pink-colored flowers of medium size in great profusion. Its semi-dwarf, compactgrowing habit forms a perfect mound which is literally covered with rosy pink flowers; one

Anthemis

Grandiflora. This is a great improvement over the original type as the flowers are very large, resembling a yellow Marguerite in size, form and color. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

Boltonia

Latisquama nana. A dwarf form of Latisquama, having all the characteristics of that variety, except that it does not grow higher than 15 to 18 inches and is covered with pretty pink flowers. A new and desirable sort. Makes a fine specimen plant, as it branches freely from the bottom of the stalks, forming a complete bush. 10 cts. each, 75 cts. per doz., \$5.50 per 100.

Campanula

Pyramidalis. It is singular that so handsome a variety as this should not be more commonly known and grown in all gardens. It requires no special treatment and yet throws flowerspikes 4 to 6 feet high, with numerous bell-shaped flowers, and continues to bloom the entire summer. In the vicinity of Lenox it is grown in tubs and large pots for veranda decoration. We offer plants of both the blue and white. Strong, field plants, 12 cts. each, \$1 per doz., \$7.50 per 100

Persicifolia humosa. This new Campanula originated in Europe some years ago. Its semi-double flowers resemble, in form, the Campanula Mærheimi, but are larger in size and of the most beautiful blue color yet seen in this section. The strong stems attain a height of about 4 feet and the large flowers are well placed on the long spikes. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

Persicifolia Mærheimi. This splendid new Campanula is one of the best Hardy Perennials introduced in many years. It is a plant that, in a remarkably short time, has been disseminated all over the world, owing to its most beautiful, large, double, snow-white flowers. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

Persicifolia alba grandiflora. Flowers snowy white, fully twice the size of the old single white, and of firmer texture. One of our finest hardy border plants and valuable for forcing and cutting purposes. 12 cts. each, \$1 per doz., \$7.50 per 100.

Latifolia macrantha. Very handsome, enormous, drooping bells, of a fine satiny lilac and deep purplish shades; height, 3 feet. The flowers of this variety somewhat resemble Campanula Medium (Canterbury Bells), but, being a true perennial, it is more desirable than the latter sort, which is a biennial and disappears after the first flowering season. 10 cts. each, 85 cts. per doz., \$6.50 per 100.

Chrysanthemums

New Hardy Double and Single Pompon Varieties. See General List of Perennials, pages 11.

Maximum, Mrs. J. Tersteeg. This new variety is the tallestgrowing in commerce, producing flower-stems 3 to 4 feet high.

The flowers are graceful in shape and of enormous size. It produces an immense quantity of flowers, which makes it very useful for cutting purposes. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Nipponicum. A hardy Japanese species. A variety worthy of special notice and not well known. Large Marguerite - like flowers, distinct, shrubby, with dark, spiny foliage; flowers during summer and autumn, but in milder climates during the whole year. 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz., \$7.50 per 100.

Clematis

Recta. This variety forms an erect bush or shrub 3 feet high, covered with small, pure white flowers during June and July. Nursery-grown plants, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.



Campanula persicifolia grandiflora

Coriaria

Japonica. New sub-shrub, 3 to 4 feet high, with long branches, fine, fresh green foliage and berries of a beautiful reddish brown color, turning black when ripe. Very distinct. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Delphinium

Albion. This new variety attains a height of 4 to 5 feet, is a free grower, and produces a well-formed spike; when fully expanded, the semi-double flowers are nearly pure white, with white eye, perfect in form and of great beauty. 50 cts. each.

Sulphureum. (Zalil.) A very handsome species from Afghanistan, with beautiful, clear light yellow flowers; delights in half-shady situations. Height, 3 to 4 feet. 15 cts. each, \$1.25 per doz., \$8.50 per 100.

Belladonna. One of the finest Delphiniums in cultivation. It produces spikes only 3 feet high, on which the lovely sky-blue flowers are borne abundantly. Blooms during the whole summer. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$12 per 100.

Lize. New prize variety; large-flowering; sky-blue, white center. 3-inch pot-plants, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

Queen Wilhelmina. Sky-blue, veined lilac; very large flower. 3-inch pot-plants, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

Sinense Cineraria cœruleum. Splendid novelty. The erect flower-spikes are covered with a number of dark azure-blue flowers, somewhat like cinerarias, being large and flat and without spurs. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

Dianthus

Plumarius, Comtesse Knuth. New Hardy Yellow Carnation. Originated in Denmark, and the introducers claim it to be perfectly hardy even in the most severe winters, and that it is the forerunner of a new type. It has been described by the Horticultural press in glowing terms on account of its excellent qualities as a flower, especially adapted for growing in quantity outside for market purposes. The flowers are bright yellow, and are produced in clusters on stiff stems, 24 to 48 inches long, from July until November. We believe this to be one of the best novelties of recent introduction. Plants from small pots, 50 cts. each.

Hybridus, Napoleon III. (Mule Pink.) Most authorities claim this to be the best Hardy Garden Pink, and whilst not new, it is not sufficiently well known, or it would be grown everywhere, as it adapts itself to all locations. It is perfectly hardy and gives a continuous crop of bloom the entire season, the double flowers are clove-scented and their color is a deep blood-crimson. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

Hybridus, Furst Bismarck. (Mule Pink.) This fine plant deserves to be widely known. It was sent out some years ago in Germany, but not being properly introduced it never came to the front. We have tried it and find it comes close to Napoleon III, the color being an equally bright shade of red. Its chief advantage appears to us to be its stronger constitution; while Napoleon III dies off very often, this variety stands admirably well. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

Barbatus, Newport Pink. A distinct new color which originated in one of the far-famed gardens at Newport, R. I. In color it is what florists call watermelon-pink or salmony rose. Strikingly brilliant and beautiful; the flowers are borne in massive heads on stems 18 inches high. For mid-season mass bedding it has no equal. It is also very effective for cutting. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

Latifolius atrococcineus fl. pl. (Everblooming Hybrid Sweet William.) A beautiful summer bedding variety, producing masses of brilliant fiery crimson flowers throughout the entire season. 10 cts. each, 75 cts. per doz., \$5.50 per 100.

Dictamnus

Caucasicus. This new large-flowering variety is a great improvement on the common Fraxinella. Its flower-spikes are about double the length, and are raised high above the foliage. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

Eupatorium

Cœlestinum. The flowers of this native plant are a decided blue and resemble closely the ageratum. We especially recommend Cœlestinum as being a most desirable late-flowering perennial. Height, 18 to 24 inches. 10 cts. ea., 75c. per doz., \$5.50 per 100.

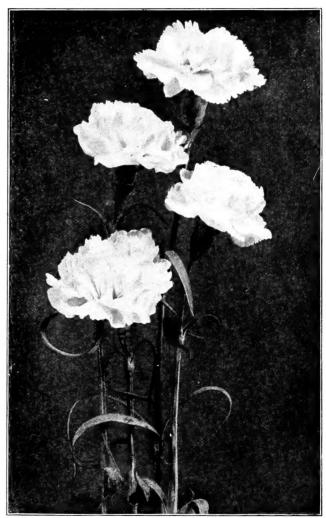
Gypsophila

Paniculata fl. pl. This beautiful plant is considered the best novelty raised in the last few years; grows about 3½ feet high and its pure white flowers are perfectly double. Valuable for cutting and a most desirable addition to the hardy border. 25 cts, each, \$2.50 per doz.

Repens monstrosa. With larger flowers than the other Gypsophilas. It flowers also a month earlier, has a very elegant habit and is therefore very useful for cutting. 12 cts. each, \$1 per doz., \$7.50 per 100.

Helenium

Pumilum magnificum. A fine cross between H. Pumilum and H. autumnale superbum. It grows $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet high and produces a great number of large yellow flowers from June till autumn. Reward of Merit, R. H. S. 12 cts. each, \$1 per doz, \$7.50 per 100.



Comtesse Knuth Dianthus

Incarvillea

Grandiflora. New. This is a rare and highly desirable plant of recent introduction. It differs from the now well-known Delavayi by its much larger flowers and its more compact growth moreover, the color is much deeper crimson-red, while the flowering season is also two to four weeks earlier than the Delavayii, and lasts three weeks longer. The propagation is by no means as quick as the Delavayi, the seeds taking longer to germinate. 12 cts. each, \$1.25 per doz.

Iris

Sibirica, Snow Queen. An exquisite new Hardy Iris; flowers of snowy whiteness, large and well formed, produced in great abundance; foliage light and graceful. Height 3 feet. A grand Iris for flower-border or waterside. 15 cts. each, \$1.25 per doz.

Pallida Dalmatica. A fine and most distinct form, of erect habit, recently introduced. Its glaucous leaves are of strong growth, Large flowers of lavender-blue, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

Iberis

Sempervirens, Snow Queen. A quite distinct and improved sort, the foliage being a darker green and the flowers much larger than the type. Strong plants, from pots, 10 cts. each, S1 per doz., \$7.50 per 100.

Hemerocallis (Yellow Day Lilies)

We have several varieties of recent introduction, all of which are so great an improvement over the older varieties of the Yellow Day Lily, such as Fulva, Flava and Dumortieri, that the contrast in size is as marked as that between our native Lilies and those of Japanese origin. For varieties, see page 13.

Lupinus

Polyphyllus Mærheimi. This is one of the finest novelties, flowering throughout the summer. The fine long spikes of pinkand white-colored flowers make it a grand acquisition for cutting purposes, as well as for the border. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz., \$20 per 100.

Lathyrus

Latifolius, White Pearl. True; no seedlings. The most beautiful of all Everlasting Peas, with pure white flowers, which are about double the size of the ordinary Lathyrus latifolius albus. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Leontopodium

Sibiricum. Siberian Edelweiss. Well known to tourists who

have traveled in Switzerland. The increasing demand to be grown in the garden is very noticeable. Distinguishes itself by its simple culture, its large white blooms which are twice the size of the Alpine variety, also its capability of reproduction in the low country, in comparison with the Edelweiss of the Alps, which it closely resembles. Strong pot plants 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Lychnis

Chalcedonica fl. pl. Double-flowering form of the type, having flowerheads of vermilion-scarlet on erect stems 3 feet high. One of the choicest hardy plants of recent introduction. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Semperflorens plena. The true double Ragged Robin. If we were asked to name the hardy perennial that could be put to most use, we do not know another that has more to recommend it than this one. It flowers continuously from spring until late fall. The flowers, which are very attractive, are of a bright pink color and are borne in great numbers on stalks 12 to 18 inches long. As a border plant it

has no equal, but makes the best showing when grown in mass. The delicate color and construction of the sprays of bloom make it one of the best for table decoration. It does admirably well as a pot-plant and will stand gentle forcing. It is perfectly hardy and succeeds anywhere with the least attention and the smallest plant will flower. 12 cts. each, \$1 per doz., \$7.50 per 100.

Monarda

Didyma violacea superba. Distinct novelty, in habit equally decorative, but the color of flowers differ from others of the type, being a rich violet-purple. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

Meconopsis

Cambrica fl. pl. The double orange-yellow Welsh Poppy. A very handsome and rare plant, with orange-yellow flowers, which are perfectly double. It flowers continuously throughout the summer. 25 cts. each, \$2,50 per doz.

Onopordon

Robert Bruce. A cross between the Scotch Thistle (Ono-pordon acanthium) and Onopordon Arabicum,, resulting in a large, handsome, ornamental plant of branching habit, with bold, grayish foliage, elegantly cut, and silvery prickly flower-stems. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Œnothera

Speciosa. A pure white-flowering Evening Primrose that blooms profusely from June until frost. The flowers somewhat resemble those of a single Petunia, are sweet-scented and, unlike the type, they remain open at all times. A most satisfactory plant for the border; grows about 12 inches high. Strong plants, 10 cts. each, 75 cts. per doz., \$5.50 per 100.

Physalis

Bunyardi. New. Rich scarlet capsules; medium size, not quite so large as Franchetti, but more pointed and richer in color. 15 cts. each, \$1.25 per doz.

Pentstemon

Grandiflorus. We consider this variety the best of the hardy Pentstemons. Its stout spikes of bloom, 2½ feet high, much resemble the Foxglove in color, size and habit of growth. The leaves, which are thick and broad, are a dull green, passing into grayish blue. A singularly attractive plant, either for the border or planting in mass, as it retains its foliage, being almost an evergreen. 12 cts. each, \$1 per doz., \$7.50 per 100.

Papaver

Orientale, Princess Victoria Louise. Beautiful new variety, with pure rose flowers. The best of the rose-colored varieties. 15 cts. each, \$1.25 per doz., \$7.50 per 100.

Phlox

For General List, see page 17

Decussata, General Van Heutsz. This produces immense trusses of enormous flowers, which are brilliant salmon-red color, with white center. 10 cts. each, S1 per doz., \$7.50 per 100.

Decussata, George A. Strohlein. Flowers of great size borne in enormous clusters, of a fine orange-scarlet shade, with deep colored eye. Height, 3 feet. 15 cts. each, \$1.25 per doz., \$10 per 100.

Decussata, Hanny Pfleiderer. Cream-colored, changing to salmon in the center, with carmine-red. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Decussata, Mad. Paul Dutrie. Soft pink color, resembling the shade of a Cattleya suffused with white. 15 cts. each, \$1.25 per doz., \$10 per 100.

Decussata, Selma. A new variety. It has a strong habit, and produces large trusses of very large pink flowers, with cherry-red eye. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

Decussata, Doctor Charcot. Very attractive, large-flowering variety; color dark violet, with white center. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

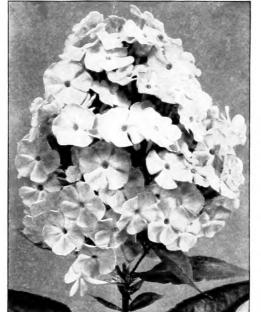
Decussata, Daybreak. Besides having unusually large heads of flowers, the color of this variety is most pleasing, being a delicate rose shade, like Enchantress Carnation, and is admired by all who see it. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

Divaricata Laphami (Perry's variety). Most beautiful and distinct variety of the Divaricata or Canadensis class recently introduced. The flowers are much larger and brighter in color than those of *Phlox divaricata* It is of a strong-growing habit and flowers most abundantly from the middle of April till the end of July. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

Polygonum

Baldschuanicum. One of the most lovely new hardy climbers for poles, arbors, trellises, etc. Throughout summer and autumn, it is smothered with innumerable lovely feathery white flowers, borne in graceful sprays, and invaluable for cutting. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

The writer has received plants and bulbs ordered from you and wishes to express appreciation of the quality of the goods sent, and the splendid condition in which they arrived. All these plants were certainly dandies.—C. H. Benton, Kansas City, Mo., Apr. 22, 1909.



Phlox, Hanny Pfleiderer



White Baby Rambler Rose

Primula

Cortusoides Sieboldi (Japanese Primrose). A charming class of Primulas, bearing large, bold heads of graceful flowers, in color ranging from pure white, delicate blush-pink, and soft rose to the most intense crimson, delicate mauves and lavender-blue shades. They are quite hardy, thriving in any shady sheltered border; for shady parts of the rock-garden they are gems. They delight in a light soil and well-decayed manure. Plant in autumn or early spring. As pot-plants in a cool conservatory, they have few rivals in the spring and winter months. They always attract great attention in the European flower shows. Twelve named sorts. Separate colors, or in mixtures, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$9 per 100.

Auricula Alpine. See Auricula.

Rehmannia

Angulata. A half-hardy herbaceous perennial, recently introduced from central China. The flowers, which are freely produced on the upper third of the branches, resemble individually those of *Incarvillea Delavayi*; they are 3 inches in diameter; rose-purple in color, with a rich yellow throat, spotted with purple. The plants are of easy culture. The flowers are almost as large as a gloxinia. 15 cts. each, \$1.25 per doz., \$8.50 per 100.

Senecio

Clivorum. With enormous round leaves, resembling somewhat the gigantic Petasitis and with pure yellow flowers borne on stems 3 feet high. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Sidalcea

Rosy Gem. Beautiful new variety, remarkable for its graceful spikes of rosy pink flowers. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

Sedum

Spectabile atropurpureum. A handsome plant for the border or rock-garden; foliage of a darl coppery purple shade; showy heads of rosy red flowers. Height, I foot. 15 cts. each, \$1.25 per doz.

Thalictrum

Adiantifolium. The foliage of this plant so closely resembles the Maidenhair Fern that it is often mistaken for the latter when seen growing in the nursery beds. It makes a very beautiful plant, is quite hardy, and grows about 9 inches high. 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz., \$7.50 per 100.

Trollius

Asiaticus, fl. Croceo. True. This plant is very scarce. The flowers have a very fine, dark orange color, and its form is between *T. Japonicus* and *T. Caucasicus*, Orange Globe. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

Japonicus, Excelsior. This variety is a great improvement on the well-known Japonicus, from which it differs by its better color. A very free-flowering variety. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

Veronica

Longifolia subsessilis. Is destined to create as much furor in the flower world as did the Golden Glow. It is the handsomest blue-flowered plant we know of, growing to a height of 2 feet and completely studded with its spikes of blue flowers. Its flowers are fine for cutting. It is perfectly hardy and increases in strength and in beauty each succeeding year. It makes the best blue-flowered hardy border plant obtainable. First-size plants, 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz., \$6.50 per 100; second-size plants, 10 cts. each, 75 cts. per doz., \$5.50 per 100.

Gentianoides folia variegata. An exceedingly ornamental hardy plant. The glossy foliage is striped and margined white and green. Dwarf, compact growth. Spikes of flowers 1 foot long, of a light blue color in spring; very useful for cutting. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

Helianti

THE WONDERFUL NEW WINTER VEGETABLE

The greatest addition to the vegetable kingdom for many years. A complete substitution, in taste, for fresh asparagus. Yields half as much again as the potato.

Helianti is a hybrid of the sunflower family, producing an abundance of bright yellow flowers. Its important economic use, however, is the edible root tubers, which can be grown in any part of the continent, and will thrive in any kind of soil—from the wettest to the driest—but it responds quickly to generous treatment.

Food value.—Dr. Koch, a well-known food specialist, gives the following figures as units of food value:

Helianti540.5
Green Peas
Turnips133.0
Potatoes

This interesting comparison needs no comment.

Plant the tubers in the spring in rows about 3 feet apart each way.

Price of tubers, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., postpaid.

SHRUBS

Abelia

Chinensis grandiflora. A choice, small shrub, of graceful habit, producing through the entire summer and fall months white-tinted, lilac, heather-like flowers in such abundance as to completely cover the plant. Plants I to I½ ft., transplanted, 50 cts. each; 2 to 3 ft., transplanted, 75 cts. each; 2 to 3 ft., transplanted, with ball, \$I each.

White Baby Rambler Rose

The White Baby Rambler Rose, Katherine Zeimet, is an interesting variety and we think it will become a general favorite. It is a good grower, with clean, fresh foliage, growing freely. Its flowers are pure white, with the fragrance of the hyacinth, and are perfectly double. It will be welcomed for its color and its floriferousness. Strong, field-grown, 2-year-old plants, 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz., \$20 per 100.; 2½-in. pots, 10 cts. each, 85 cts. per doz., \$6.50 per 100.

Hydrangea

Arborescens grandiflora. This Hydrangea is certainly a grand acquisition for general garden purposes and is sure to be tremendously popular as soon as better known. Its value as a forcing and tub plant is little realized so far. It forces with the greatest ease and can be had at Easter and Decoration Day, or it may be retarded and brought on later for general decorative purposes as a tub plant. Its purest white blooms and deep green foliage present an effective contrast. Then, again, the blooms, after a period of pure white, slowly assume light green tints,

The plants arrived in first-class condition and I was delighted with the remarkably large and fine roots.—S. M. P. RICH, Saratoga Springs, N. Y., May 15, 1909.

Hydrangea, continued

later maturing into deep green, and all these color changes look well. One-year-old, field-grown plants, if potted in 5- or 6-inch



Cranberry, Hardy American

pots, will make plants producing from four to five great flower-heads, with the treatment usually given the Hortensis type. Field-grown plants, 2 to 3 ft., 3 to 5 stems, 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.; 1 to 3 ft., 1 to 3 stems, 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz. Plants from 3-inch pots, 15 cts. each, \$1 per doz., \$2 per doz.

Cranberry

The Hardy American (Vaccinium macrocarpon). Although found growing wild in bog and on moss land, will adapt itself and thrive in any ordinary good soil. Under cultivation, it makes a solid carpet in a season or two if planted 6 inches apart, and produces abundant bright

scarlet fruit, which persists until late winter or spring. In spring the coloring is a bright green, but as autumn approaches the dense evergreen foliage turns brilliant shades of bronze. It will be found a very good substitute for Dwarf Box for edging and for rhododendron or shrub border. Along streams and shores of ponds it is extremely desirable, lighting up dark ever-

green foliage in a charming way and effectually holding banks from washing. On a large estate near Boston, 20,000 plants were used in this way after previous extensive trials. Strong clumps, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

Daphne

Cneorum (Garland Flower). A charming little Alpine plant, a gem for rockwork, garden border or ground cover, with creeping stems, covered with small, dark, evergreen leaves, and heads of fragrant, rose-colored flowers, which make the plants a carpet of pink, during the spring. Strong plants, 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz., \$20 per 100; extra-strong plants, 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

Dahlia

Jack Rose. Decorative variety. The floral sensation of the season, combining every good quality found or desired in Dahlias. The flowers are large to very large, specimen blooms measuring 6 to 7 inches across and 4 inches deep, with a full, high center; the outer petals reflex to the stem as the flower fully expands. Same color as a Jack Rose. Roots or plants, 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz., \$15 per 100.

New Roses

Blue (Veilchenblau). New. Said to be the first blue Rose sent out. 1-year old plants, 75 cts. each.

Flower of Fairfield. New. An everblooming type of the well-known Crimson Rambler. It flowers continuously from spring until autumn, very profusely. Strong, field plants, \$1 each. Plants from 3-inch pots, 50 cts. each.

FRUIT TREES AND SMALL FRUITS

APPLES and CRABS. In the best varieties; Ea	ch	Do	oz.	100		GRAPE-VINES, continued	Each	1	loz.	1	00
summer, fall and winter sorts.						Concord. Black	So 1	S1	50	\$7	50
Standards. 5 to 7 ft., \(\frac{3}{4}\) inSo	25	\$2	50			Delaware. Red	1	, I	50	7	50
6 to 8 ft., $\frac{7}{8}$ in	50	5	50			Green Mountain. White	2	5 2	50		
Dwarfs. 3 to 4 ft	50					Moore's Early. Black	1	, I	50	7	50
BLACKBERRIES, in the following varie-						Niagara. White	I	, I	50		50
ties: Rathbun, Eldorado, Wilson's Early.						Pocklington. Amber	1	I	50	7	50
Strong, rooted plants			50	\$2	50	PEACH. In the following sorts: Crawford's					
Blowers. New; best variety of Blackberry.			00		00	Early, Mountain Rose, Oldmixon,					
Ward. New; excellent variety for market;				J	-	Chair's Choice. 5 to 6 ft	2	2	00	15	00
good keeper; heavy cropper			75	4	00	· ·					
CHERRY. In best named varieties. Sweet						PEAR. In the following varieties: Early Harvest, Easter Beauty, Fayette Beauty,				0	
or Sour. 5 to 7 ft., \(\frac{3}{4}\) in	= 0	_	0.0			Lawrence, Bartlett, Kieffer, Seckel.					
or sour. 5 to / it., 4 iii	50	5	00						-		
CURRANT, Cherry (red), Fay's Prolific (red),						Standards, 5 to 7 ft.		3			
White Grape (white), Lee's Prolific						6 to 8 ft	5	5	00		
(black). 2-yrold strong plants	$I \bigcirc$	1	00	7	50	PLUM. In the following varieties: German,					
Perfection. New red variety; a great im-						Quackenbush, Shipper's Pride, Lombard					
provement over all other existing sorts	15	I	50			Abundance. 5 to 7 ft	50	5	00		
GOOSEBERRY. 3 yrs. old						QUINCE, Champion and Orange. 2 to 3 ft	1	т .	50		
Downing. Pale green, large berries	15	Ι	50	10	00	3 to 4 ft	50	,	00		
Houghton. Yellow; very prolific	15	I	50	10	00		0				
Red Jacket. Large, red variety	15	1	50	10	00	RASPBERRY. In the following varieties:					
Industry. New English variety; very pro-						Cuthbert, Golden Queen, Miller, Co-					
lific; large, red berries	25	2	00	15	00	lumbian			50	3	00
GRAPE-VINES. Hardy; strong, 3-yrold roots.				4		Blackcaps—Kansas and Gregg			50	3	00
Brighton. Bronze				-		STRAWBERRIES. In best early and late					
Campbell's Early. Improved Concord. Very	15	1	50	1	50	varieties. Strong layer plants					
early	25	0				S4.50 per 1,000			25	Y	00
carry	25	2	20			64.30 pt 1,000.			-3		00

VEGETABLE PLANTS AND KITCHEN HERB ROOTS

Each	Doz.	100)	Ea	ch	Doz.	100	
Asparagus. Fine 2-year-old roots. Conover's				Pennyroyal\$0	10	So 75	\$5 5	50
Colossal and Palmetto 1,000, \$6		\$0 7	7.5	Peppermint	05	50	3 5	50
Balm\$0 10	So 7	5 5 5	50	Parsley (roots)	05		3 5	50
Basil o5	50	3 5	50	Rhubarb Roots. Best variety	10	75	5 5	50
Borage	. 50	3 5	50	Rosemary	IO	75	5 5	50
Chives. Clumps	59	3 5	50	Savory, Summer	05	50	3 5	50
Dill	5	3 5	50	Winter	10	75	5 5	50
Fennel Sweet	5	3 5	50	Sage, Holt's Mammoth	10	75	5 5	50
Hop Vines	50				05	50	3 5	50
Horse-Radish Sets \$5 per 1,000		7	75	Tansy	10	75	5 5	50
Lavender, Field-grown					10	I 00	7 5	50
Marjoram, Sweet	7.	5 5 5	50	Thyme, English	IO	75	5 5	50

General List of Hardy Perennials

INTRODUCTORY REMARKS AND TERMS

The plants offered herein are all sturdy, either nursery-grown or established in pots, and can be depended upon to be true to name and to flower satisfactorily the first season.

Our stock of plants is reasonably large, having 30 acres in cultivation and upward of 500,000 plants to draw from. We

our sociality of supplying landscape gardeners, dealers and others in the trade.

We print real prices, which as long as unsold and without engagement we are willing to accept. The prices are net, except being subject to 5 per cent discount when cash accompanies order; otherwise payable in thirty days from date of invoice on approved credit. Packing charges at cost, f. o. b. Sparkill, N. Y. To meet reputable competition, we will reduce our prices still

further on being given the opportunity.

Six of one kind furnished at dozen rates, 25 at 100 rates, 250 at 1,000 rates, unless otherwise specified.

Clumps (or plants of extra-large size) can, in most cases, be supplied at double the prices named, which are for ordinary size plants. These clumps or extra-large plants will be sent only when specially ordered.

	Ea	Each Doz.		IC	30	
ACANTHUS Mollis				50		
Latifolius			I	50		
ACHILLEA Eupatorium, Parker's Variety		10		85	\$6	50
Filipendula		10		75	5	50
Millefolium roseum		10			5	-
Millefolium, Cerise Queen. (See Novelties)					5	
The Pearl				65		50
Tomentosum		10		75	5	50



Monkshood

Aconitum (Monkshood)

Handsome, herbaceous plants, with bold spikes of hood-shaped flowers, very effective in flower borders, shrubberies and rock-gardens, thriving anywhere, either in sunny or shady aspect; height, 4 to 5 feet; summer and autumn-flowering. Care should be taken that the Aconitums are not planted near or in the kitchen garden, where their tuberous roots might accidentally be used for food, as they are poisonous. Plant in autumn or early spring.

	Eacn	DOZ		100	
Aconitum autumnale	\$0 12	\$1	00	\$7	00
Fischeri					
Lycoctonum Pyren	15	1	25	8	00
Napellus	I2	I	25	7	50
album					
" bicolor	12	I	25	7	50
Wilsoni	15	I	50	12	00
ACTÆA Japonica (Cimi	ci-				

fuga simplex)	15	I	50	I2	00
Spicata	12	1	00	7	00
" rubra		I	25		
ADENOPHORA Potanini	15	1	25	7	50
ADONIS Pyrenaica	20		75		
Vernalis	IO		85	6	50
ÆGOPODIUM Podograria variegatum	10		75	5	50
ÆTHIONEMA grandiflora. Rose. Fine rock plant.	10	I	00	6	50
Persicum. Light pink	10	I	00	6	50
AGROSTEMMA coronaria	10		75	5	50
Alba	10		75	5	50
Flos Jovis	10		75	5	50
AJUGA Genevensis	10		75	5	50
Reptans atropurpureum	10		75	5	50
ALLIUM Moly	10		75	5	50
ALSTRŒMERIA Chilensis	10	1	00	6	50
Aurantiaca	10		75	5	50

Alyssum

Effective in beds, edgings, borders or on rockwork; the sheets of yellow flowers contrast charmingly in spring with Arabis. They thrive in any soil in a sunny position. Each Doz. 100 Alyssum saxatile compactum \$0 10 \$0 75 \$5 50 Saxatile fl. pl., Gold Dust. See Novelties.... 15 1 25 7 50 AMARYLLIS Hallii (Lycoris squamigera). New. See Novelties..... 30 3 00 25 00 85 6 50 Dropmore Variety. New. See Novelties. 15 3-inch pot plants 10 I 00

Japanese Anemones (Anemone Japonica)

These rank among our showiest and most useful of late summerand autumn-flowering hardy border plants. The white Anemone, A. Japonica alba, has long been a favorite in old-fashioned gardens. For cutting, all are of inestimable value, as they come in at a



Japanese anemone

Japanese Anemone, continued

season when hardy flowers are in demand and getting scarce. They are perfectly hardy and thrive in any ordinary flower border. When massed and naturalized in woodlands and shrubberies, few plants are more beautiful.

borres, rew plants are more beautiful.					
Anemone Japonica—	ıch	D	OZ,	I	-
Rosea. Rose\$0	10	20	75	\$5	50
Alba, Honorine Joubert. Single white	10		75	5	50
Prince Heinrich. Large, double pink	10	I	00	7	50
Queen Charlotte. Semi-double daybreak pink.	10		75	5	50
Rosea superba. Single; light rose	10		75	5	50
Whirlwind. Semi-double; pure white	10		7.5	5	50
Anemone in Variety—					
Pennsylvanica	10		75	5	50
Pulsatilla	10		85	6	50
" alba. (White Swan). New. See					_
Novelties	25	2	50		
Nemorosa (Wood Anemone)	10		75	5	50
" fl. pl. Double; white	10		85	6	00
" Robinsoniana. Large, pale blue	15	I	50		
Sylvestris	10		75	5	50
" Elise Fellman. Tall-growing, large,					_
double, white flowers; continuous					
bloomers	15	· I	25	8	50
ANTHEMIS Kelwayi	10		75	5	50
Tinctoria alba	10		75	_	50
" grandiflora. See Novelties	15	1		10	_
Nobilis (Chamomile)	12	I			
ANTHERICUM liliastrum	08		60	4	50
Liliastrum giganteum. New. See Novelties	25	2	50	7	5
Liliago	08	20	60	Λ	50
Dinago	00		00	4	20

Ea	ch	De	oz.	10	00
AQUILEGIA cœrulea (Rocky Mountain Col-					
umbine)	10	\$0	7.5	\$5	50
Cœrulea Hybrids—					
Helenæ. Sky-blue, with white corolla; very					
long spurs. New. See Novelties	10	I	00		50
Haylodgensis. New. See Novelties	12	I	00		50
Canadensis	10		75		50
California Hybrids			75		50
Chrysantha	10		75	5	50
" fl. pl	10	I		- 7	50
Flabulata nana. Dwarf; early; fine; white			7.5	5	50
Nivea grandiflora. Large white	10		75		50
Glandulosa major. Very fine variety	10	1	00		50
Skinneri Vulgaris. Blue	0.1		75		
" alba. White.	10		75 75	5	50
" fl. pl. Double, white; fine	1.2	¥	00	7	50
Double Varieties, Mixed	10	¥	75	5	
Single Varieties, Mixed			75	5	
ARABIS alpina compacta .—			7.5	5	50
Alpina compacta fl. pl.		I	00		50
ARALIA Cashmeriana	1.5	I	50		
ARENARIA Cæspitosa. See Novelties			85	()	50
ARMERIA maritima splendens	ΙO		75	- 5	50
Maritima alba	10		75	5	50
Formosa hybrida. See Novelties	25	2	50		
ARTEMISIA abrotanum	10		7.5	5	50
Stellariana	10		7.5	5	5° 5°
Purshiana	10		75	5	50
ASCLEPIAS Tuberosa	10		7.5	5	50
Incarnata	ΙO		85		50
ASPERULA Hexaphylla	10		75	5	50
ASPHODELUS luteus	10		85	- 6	50



Perennial Aster or Michaelmas Daisies

Perennial Asters (Starwort, or Michaelmas Daisies)

Michaelmas Daisies now fill a most important place in all hardy gardens, lighting up the borders and shrubberies with their masses and clouds of dainty and brightly colored blossoms throughout the autumn months up to November, when other flowers are scarce. To cut for vases and church decoration, etc., they are invaluable, providing, as they do, an inexhaustible supply of bloom. The dwarfer and more slender-growing kinds deserve prominent positions in the choice border and rock-garden.

Our collection enumerated below includes many handsome new forms which are advances upon the older varieties, both in quality of flower and habit of growth, and their value for cutting.

For the convenience of purchasers, we have indicated the relative earliness or lateness of the various Michaelmas Daisies offered by adding after the name (1), (2), (3). (1) denotes those varieties commencing to bloom at the end of July and continuing decorative throughout August; (2) varieties opening their blooms in September; (3) those varieties which commence flowering in October.

Price of strong plants from 3-inch pots, that will make a profusion of bloom the first season planted, 10 cts. each, 75 cts. per doz., \$5.50 per 100, except where otherwise noted.

Asters, Hardy, or Michaelmas Daisies—
Amellus, Perry's Favorite. New. See Novelties. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz. Amethystinus. (3.) Produces small, bright lilac flowers. Height, 4 feet. Acris. (1.) Bright lilac-purple flowers in great profusion; bushy habit. Height, 2 ft. Beauty of Colwall. New. See Novelties. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 Chapmani. (2.) Light ageratum-blue; very graceful, large orays. Height, 5 ft. Collarette. (2.) Large, rosy blossoms. Height, 2 ft. Datschii. (3.) Pure white. Height, 3 ft. Ericoides Clio. (2.) True. Charming, long, graceful sprays of small, blush, daisy-like flowers; very distinct. Height, 3 ft. Forget-me-not. (2.) This variety grows about 2 feet high, has strong, stiff stems, branched and covered with myriads of small, daisy-like flowers; white, with a brownish eye. A very attractive sort. F. W. Raynor. (2.) Light, reddish violet. Height, 4 ft.
F. W. Burbridge. (2.) Large, soft heliotrope flowers; very fine. Height, 4 ft.
Gertrude. (1.) Foliage small and fine; habit graceful, smothered with a profusion of small, dainty, clear purple flowers.

Grandiflorus. (3.) Best and largest; dark violet flowers; late and free bloomer. Height, 21 ft. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

Lævis. (2.) Long sprays of large, deep graceful habit; extra fine. Height, 4 ft. Long sprays of large, deep blue flowers; light, Lævis Calliope. (3.) Large, spreading heads of rich lavender flowers. Height, 4 ft. Mad. Sayneuse. Pale lilac; very free. Height, 15 in. (3.) Melpomene. (2.) Tall (5 ft.), large, purple flowers, in long, graceful sprays. Mesa grande speciosa grandiflora. New. See Novelties. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

Novæ Angliæ. (3.) Bright purple-violet. 4 ft.

Novæ Angliæ rubra. (2.) Deep reddish violet. Height, 4 ft. Novelty. New. See Novelties. 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz., \$7.50 per 100. Ptarmicoides. (1.) Small, pure white flowers; erect, dwarf habit. Height, 1 ft. This is a continuous bloomer and makes a desirable border plant. Polyphyllus. (1.) Elegant foliage; small, white flowers with lemon centers. Very effective. Height, 4 ft.

Robert Parker. (2.) Large sprays of beautiful, large, soft lavender-blue flowers, with yellow center; extra fine. Height, 5½ ft. A valuable cut-flower. Snowflake. (2.) Pure white; very free. Height, 11/2 ft. Shortii. (1.) Long, graceful sprays, smothered with small, bright lilac flowers; valuable for cutting. An exceedingly beautiful plant. Height, 3½ ft.
Sub-cœruleus. New. See Novelties. 10 cts. each, 85 cts. per doz., \$6.50 per 100. T. S. Ware. (2.) Light blue; one of the best of its color. 31/2 ft. Trinervis. (3.) Rich violet-purple; distinct, large foliage. Height, 1 to 2 ft. Top Sawyer. (2.) Large lilac flowers of perfect shape. Height, Versicolor. (2.) Small, white flowers, changing to rose; erect, branching habit. Height, 31 ft. White Queen. (3.) Large, white, free-flowering variety. Height, 4 to 5 ft. Wm. Bowman. (3.) Large, purple flowers on stems 3 feet high. A late, continuous bloomer; one of the latest to bloom and has flowers equal in size to any. Aster, Dwarf Alpine Varieties. July-flowering; charming for rockwork. Height, 6 to 9 in... Alpinus (Blue Mountain Daisy). Flowers Each Doz. ASTILBE Davidii. See Novelties. New and de-dish purple. Height, 6 ft. 10 1 00 7 50 Queen Alexandra. New rose-pink variety . . . 25 ASTRANTIA major AUBRETIA Hendersonii . . 12 1 00 7 50 1 50 10 00 AURICULA alpina. See Novelties 15 1 25 7 50 2 50 BAPTISIA australis 10 Tinctoria 10 50 3 50 75 5 50 BOLTONIA asteroides 10 5 50 Latisquama nana. A distinct, dwarf-growing type. See Novelties 10 75 5 50

	ich	Đ	oz.	10	00
CACTUS. Hardy Varieties. See Opuntia.					
CALIMERIS incisa\$0	10	\$0	75	\$5	50
CALLIRHOE involucrata	10		85	6	50
CALTHA palustris Palustris fl. pl.	10 15	I	75 25	5	50
CAMPANULA alliariæfolia	10		85	6	50
Carpatica, Blue	10		75	5	50
White	10		75		50
Garganica	10	I	00		
Glomerata	10	I	00		
Latifolia macrantha. See Novelties	10	•	85	6	50
Lactiflora	12	I	00	6	50
Medium (Canterbury Bells)—			0 =	6	
Blue White	10		85 85	6	50 50
Rose	10		85	6	50
Medium calycanthema. Blue, white and rose.					_
Colors separate	10		85	0	50
Persicifolia, Blue	10		75 75	5	50
" Moerheimi. Considered the finest			13	J	J =
double white variety. See Nov-					
elties	15	ĭ	50		
" grandiflora alba. See Novelties	15	I	50	7	50
Punctata	10	-	75	5	50
Pyramidalis	1.2	1	00	7	50
" alba Rapuculoides	I 2	I		7	50
Rotundifolia	15	ī	75 25	5	50
CARIX Fraseri	25	2	00		
CARYOPTERIS mastacanthus	10		75	5	50
CASSIA Marilandica.	10		75	5	50
CATANANCHE cærulea.	10		75	5	50
CEDRONELLA cana	10	т	00	6	50
CENTAUREA montana alba.	10	T	00	7	50
montana rosea	10	I	00	7	50
" violetta	10	1	00	7	50
Dealbata	10	I		7	50
Macrocephala Orientalis	10		8 ₅	5	50 50
Ruthenica	10		75	5	50
CEPHALARIA Tatarica (Alpina)	10		85	6	50
CERASTIUM tomentosum	10		75	5	50
CHAMÆPEUCE Cassabonæ (Fishbone Thistle).	10		85	6	50
CHELONE glabra alba	10	т	00	7	50
Lyonii	ĬO		75	5	50
Obliqua alba	10		75	5	50
CIMICIFUGA racemosa (Serpentaria) Simplex. Also sold as Actæa Japonica. Dense spike of white flowers, borne on long stems, 2½ to 3 feet high, blooming in September	10	1	00	7	50
and October	15		50	10	00
	10	1	00		
CLEMATIS. Dwarf or shrubby. Davidiana	10	_	75	5	50
Recta (Erecta)	15	ιL	50		
CLAYTONIA Virginica	10		75	5	50

Chrysanthemum maximum (Shasta, or Giant Moonpenny Daisy)

The following forms of this fine species rank among our best, showiest, and most valuable hardy summer-flowering border plants; for cutting, they are invaluable, their large, snowy white, daisy-like flowers last long in water, while in the borders they make elegant bushes, smothered in blossom; all quite hardy and suitable for any ordinary garden soil. July and August flowering.

English Varieties—	Eac	:h	Do	oz.	10	00
Mrs. J. Tersteeg. New. See Novelties	\$0	25	\$2	50		
Robinsoni			I	50\$	010	00
Triumph		01		75	5	50
King Edward VII. New; vigorous growe	er:					
enormous white flowers		25	2	50		
Wm. Henshaw. Best variety for cutting.		10		75	5	50
Burbank's Varieties (Shasta Daisies)—						
Alaska				85	6	50
California		10		85	6	50
Westralia		10		85	6	50
Shasta Daisy, Originator's Stock		10		75	4	50
${\bf Nipponicum.} \ {\bf Shrubby.} \ {\bf See} \ {\bf Novelties} \ldots \ldots$		10	1	00	7	50

Hardy Pompon Chrysanthemums

These Hardy Chrysanthemums now take an important place among border plants for general outdoor decoration from summer to autumn. Their bright and attractive flowers, which are produced in great abundance, are much valued for cutting during the late summer months and considerably lighten up the hardy border at that season of the year. They make, also, charming pot-plants for indoor decoration.

Our collection, enumerated below, is a careful selection of what we consider the best of the standard sorts and newer introductions.

tions.

NEW EARLY BLOOMING HARDY DOUBLE POMPONS

Ready to cut by middle of October. Strong plants of these new varieties, in 3-inch pots, 10 cts. each, 75 cts. per doz., \$5.50 per 100

Alma. A beautiful pink variety, like a miniature Mrs. Perrin; flowers large for a Pompon and plant 3 feet high. A beauty. Baby. Grows only a foot high, with hundreds of little golden yellow, double flowers, \(\frac{3}{4}\) inch in diameter; quilled petals; it has delightful fragrance.

it has delightful fragrance.

Belle of Weybridge. Bronzy red; very fine, early variety.

Elva. The most beautiful of white pompons, pure in color, of full, fluffy form; very early; extremely useful to every grower of cut-flowers.

Geo. Meadows. This is a Pompon variety that blooms constantly

Geo. Meadows. This is a Pompon variety that blooms constantly from early summer until frost, and might be termed a summerflowering Chrysanthemum; flowers very profusely; double cream-white.

Inga. Bright red of beautiful shade, fine size and elegant form; one of the earliest.

Waco. Creamy white, shading to yellow; incurving petals; rather large blooms.

DOUBLE HARDY POMPONS (Older Varieties)

Strong plants from 3-inch pots, 8c. each, 60c. per doz., \$3.50 per 100

Varieties marked "But" have small, round, button-shaped flowers. Those marked "Lg" have larger or aster-like flowers.

Anna Maria. Creamy white, tipped pink. But.

Climax. Deep rose. But. Denizula. Long sprays violet-pink. Lg.

Elegantha. Deep pink, white edge. But. Fred Peele. Light lilac,

foliage scented. But.

Globe d'Or. Dwarf,
bushy; clear yellow.
Lø.

Goldfinch. Gold, shaded crimson. But.

Hamlet. Violet-red. But. Kadar. Bronze-crimson, yellow center. Lg. Lyndhurst. Bright, crimson-maroon. Lg. Prince of Wales. Pure

Prince of Wales. Pure white. Lg.
St. Illoria. Silvery pink. Lg.

St. Illoria. Silvery pink. Lg. Rhoda. Pink, shaded white. But. Tennyson. Pure yellow. But.



Single Pompon Chrysanthemums

NEW SINGLE HARDY POMPONS

For growing in bush form or sprays. From a celebrated English specialist's collection.

Strong plants from 3-inch pots, 10c. each, 75c. per doz., \$5.50 per 100 Lady Smith. E. G. Hill & Co. say this is one of the prettiest they have seen. Flowers about October 15; completely covered with bright pink flowers which are extremely lasting. Louis Bowers. Yellow; enormously free.

Merstham White. Large, pure white; disbud slightly.
M. J. Osborne. Large, pink, white eye.

OLDER HARDY SINGLE POMPONS

Strong plants from 3-inch pots, 8c. each, 60c. per doz., \$3.50 per 100

Aaron. Bronze-scarlet.
Clara. Pearl-white.
Princess of Thule. Orange-red.

Rosy Morn. Silvery pink.
Wallis. Pure yellow.

HARDY LARGE-FLOWERING DOUBLE JAPANESE

The stock from which these varieties are grown was taken from an old-fashioned garden where they had stood the severest winters. They are the best we have yet seen of this type—being large and perfect flowers. We can offer four colors. Plants in 3-inch pots.

Large White

Large White

So 10 \$0 75 \$5 50

Large Yellow

10 75 5 50

Large Crimson 10

		1	Doz		100	5
CONVALLARIA majalis (Lily-of-the-Valley)-	_					
Strong clumps	. \$0	15	\$1	50\$	01	00
Crowns or pips		05		25	I	50
COREOPSIS lanceolata grandiflora		08		65	4	50
Rosea		10		75	5	50
CODIADIA	Y.o.					



Calliopsis

Delphinium

(Perennial Larkspur)

These handsome, stately border plants produce long, bold flower spikes, ranging in color from the palest sky-blue to the darkest shades of indigo and violet, some having a tinge of rose, pink, or purple and the bee-like centers, varying from pure white to brown, and bronzy. Some of the varieties are remarkable for their large, single flowers, others for their very double or large, semi-double flowers. When grown

in bold groups, whether in beds, herbaceous borders or shrubberies, few plants are so striking, or produce a more brilliant effect during the summer and early autumn months, especially when they have become established.

Delphinium, Hybrids, Finest Mixed. Grown Ea	ch	Do	Z,	IC	0	
from seed saved from the best American						
and European strains and selected upon						
our Nurseries\$0	IO	So	75	\$5	50	
Barlowi. Very large, semi-double flowers;						
deep blue, brownish center	15	I	50	$I \circ$	00	
Cashmerianum. A very distinct dark blue and						
purple type, resembling aconitum	15	1	50	10	00	
Chinese (Chinese Larkspur), Blue	10		65	4	50	
" album. White	10		65	4	50	
" Cineraria. New. See Novelties	15	I	50			
" sulphureum, or Zalil. Yellow	15	I	25	8	50	
Elatum	10		75	5	50	
Formosum. Dark blue	10		75	5	50	
" cœlestinum. Light blue	IO		00		50	
Nudicaule. Bright red flowers. Height, 1 ft	15	I	50	•		
Delphinium, New Named Hybrids-						
Albion. White. See Novelties	50					
Antigone		2	50			
Lize. New. See Novelties				10	00	
The same of the sa	15			12		
Queen Wilhelmina. New. See Novelties	15			10		
Rosenlust. New	15			10		
DESMODIUM pendulifolium	25	2	00			
DIANTHUS barbatus— (Sweet William)						
	15	т	50	10	00	
Auricula-flowered	10	_		5		
Holborn Glory. Fine strain; various colors Double Crimson	10		75	5	50	
White	IO		75	5	50	
Dianthus latifolius atrosanguineus fl. pl. (Hy-			, ,	J	0	
brid Everblooming Sweet William). See						
Novelties	10		7.5	5	50	

PLUMARIUS VARIETIES, HARDY GARDEN CARNATIONS OR PINKS

These come into flower before the more tender carnations, and remain decorative a long time; being very sweet-scented and abundant bloomers, they are greatly valued for cut-flowers. No garden should be without these pinks, which are perfectly hardy and of very easy culture. As bold edgings to flower borders they are admirably adapted, their grayish foliage harmonizing well with other colors. Plant in early autumn or spring.

Dianthus plumarius—					
Comtesse Knuth. New. See special de- Ea	ch	D	37.	IC	00
scription on page 5 \$0	50				
Cyclops. Dark rose, with crimson ring; very					
fine					
Delicata. Delicate soft rose; constant bloomer.					
Diamond. Fine pure white					
Goliath. Very large mottled flower					
Her Majesty. Double white					
Perpetual Snow. Everblooming white	10	I	00	7	50

						_				_
Dianthus plumarius—	Each	D	oz.	1 0	>0	70	100	A.		_
Snow. Fine pure white,\$6	010	\$0	75	\$5	50		3.6	7.1		
Scoticus (Scotch Pink)			75	5	50	140	•	78		32
Souvenir de Salle. Rosy red			75	5	50	P. 20			V	
Superbus. Dwarf; white						12	5	3		
fine for cutting			00	7	50	ris I	- 30	ALL	5	
White Reserve.		I	00	7	50		40	4,	5	
Dianthus Plumarius, Large- flowering, Mixed Colors			-	_			9	20	3	32
Dianthus hybridus (Mule P	in I-A		00	1	50	-	. 0	11		1
Fuerst Bismarck. New	шк)					20		13.0	SE.	$G_{\mathbf{k}}$
See Novelties	. 15	1	50	10	00	70	7	50		7
Napoleon III. See Nov	rel-	_	5				2	34	16	
ties		I	50	10	00		V:		7	
DICTAMNUS Fraxinella			2			15	41	35	1	1
Red	-	I	00	7	50	1.3	-	186		37-
Fraxinella alba			00	7	50	1	36	Ga		رناه
Caucasicus. New. See	t.				5	145	37			\$
Novelties	. 15	I	50						79	
DIELYTRA spectabilis			7.5	5	50	1	arı	cspu		
Eximia	. 10	I	00	7		Each	D	oz.	I C	00
Formosa					§	010	\$I	00	\$7	50
DIGITALIS gloxiniæflora p	urpu	rea				10		7.5	5	50
Gloxiniæflora rosea								7.5	5	50
" alba						10		7.5	5	50
Grandiflora (Ambigua).	Pale	yel	low			10		7.5	5	50
Maculata superba (Ivery'										
very fine								85		00
Monstrosa. Monster terr							1	00	7	50
DODECATHEON Media							I	00		
DORONICUM Caucasicum							I	00	7	50
Clusii							I	00	7	50
Excelsum							I		7	50
" magnificum								85	O	50
DRACOCEPHALUM Ruyso			-					85	()	50
ECHINOPS Ritro							1	00	7	50
Humulus. Fine blue col	or; l	est	of	all.		IO	I	00	7	50
EPILOBIUM angustifolium						10		75	5	50
EPIMEDIUM Macranthum	. W	hite				I2	I	00		
Coccineum. Bright red						12	I	00		
ERYNGIUM amethystinum							I	00	- 6	50
Planum								7.5	5	50
Maritimum (Sea Holly).						. 12	1	00	7	50
ERIGERON glandulosa ma	jor .					10		7.5	5	50
Speciosus grandiflora								7.5	5	50
ERODIUM Manescavi						15	I	25	7	50
EUPATORIUM ageratoides								7.5	5	50
Cœlestinum. See Novelt								75	5	50
Purpureum								75	5	50
EUPHORBIA corollata								05	4	50
Polychroma						15	I	-	-4	(100
FEVERFEW								00	4	00
PETERT W.						00		(,)	4	00



Hardy Garden Pinks, or Dianthus Plumarius

Funkia, or Day Lily

We have a very large stock of this useful plant and our low prices represent large divisions with many eyes. Each Doz. 100



Ferns, Choice Hardy

GUNNERA scabra 30 3 00 GYPSOPHILA acutifolia 10 85

GLECHOMA. See Nepeta.

Ferns are universally admired, and can be planted to beautify and make attractive odd, shady and unsightly corners. Below is a list best adapted to this purpose. Prices represent strong clumps

	Ea	ch	Do	oz.	IC	00
Adiantum pedatum (Maidenhair Fern)	\$0	10	\$0	75	\$6	00
Aspidium acrostichoides (Christmas Fern)					6	00
Filix-Mas (Male Fern)		15	I	50	10	00
Marginale (Shield Fern)		10		75	6	00
Noveboracense (New York Fern)		10		75	6	00
Spinulosum (Evergreen)					6	00
Asplenium Filix-fæmina (Lady Fern)		15	1	50	10	00
Ebeneum (Ebony Spleen-wort)		10			6	00
Dicksonia punctilobula (Gossamer Fern)		10		75	6	00



Gaillardia

Onoclea Struthiopteris (Ostrich Fern). 15c. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

Sensibilis (Sensitive Fern). 15 cts. each, 60 cts. per doz., \$5 per 100.

Osmunda regalis (Flowering

85 6 50

75 5 50

Fern). 15c. each, \$1 per doz., \$8 per 100.

Claytoniana (Interrupted Fern). 15c. each, \$1 per doz., \$8 per 100.

Cinnamomea (Cinnamon Fern). 15c. each, \$1 per doz., \$8 per 100.

Phegopteris hexagonoptera (Broad Beech Fern). 15 cts. each, \$1 per doz., \$8 per 100.

Woodsia obtusa (Obtuse Woodsia). 15cts. each, \$1 per doz., \$8 per 100.

Grasses, Hardy Ornamental

All our ornamental grasses are nursery-grown, and large field clumps are sent on orders unless otherwise specified.

1	1					
	Ea	ch	D	oz.	10	00
Arundo Donax	\$0	I 2	\$1	00	\$7	50
Donax variegata		15	1	50	I 2	00
Arrhenatherum bulbosum variegata. Very dw	arf					
and ornamental; striped white and gree						
retains its coloring late in the season; qu	iite					
hardy		I 2	I	00	7	50
Elymus glaucus		12	I	00	7	50
Erianthus Ravennæ		I 2	1	00	7	50
Eulalia Japonica variegata		12	I	00	7	50
Japonica zebrina		Ι2	I	00	7	50
Gracillima univittata		Ι2	1	00	7	50
Gynerium argenteum elegans (California Pa						
pas Grass). Strong, 5-in. pots		35	3	00		
Pennisetum Rupelianum (Purple Founta						
Grass)		10		85	6	50
Phalaris arundinacea variegata (Variegat						
Ribbon Grass)		10		65	4	50
HEDYSARUM coronarium (French Honeysuck	(le)	10	I	00	7	50
***************************************	,				•	-
HELENIUM autumnale superbum		10		75		50
Bigelowi		10		85		50
Grandicephalum striatum		10		85		50
Hoopesii		10		85		5.
Pumilum magnificum, New. See Novelties	· · ·	Ι2	1	00	7	50
HELIOPSIS Pitcheriana		10		75	5	50
Semi-plena		10		75		50
Scaber major		10		75	5	50
· ·						•
HELLEBORUS Niger (Christmas Rose)		25	2	75	17	50



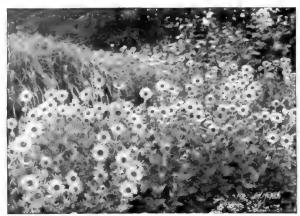
Ornamental Grasses

Helianthus (Hardy Perennial Sunflowers)

We carry very large stocks of this showy sur flowering plant, and are prepared to make spec	ial				
wanted in larger quantities than quoted. Each	h	Do	z.	IC	0
Helianthus, Daniel Dewar\$0	08	\$0	65	\$4	50
Davidiana			75		50
Decapitalis	08		65	4	50
Doronocoides	08		65	4	50
H. S. Moon	12	1	00	7	50
	10		75	5	50
8	10		75	5	50
Multiflorus plenus. Perhaps the best of the					
hardy Sunflowers. Double golden flowers					
in great profusion, flowering until late in					
the season	10		75	5	50
Miss Mellish	10		75	5	50
5.63	10		75	5	50
Sparsifolius	10		75	5	50
Woolley Dodd	ΙO		75	5	50
Soleil d'Or	10		75	5	50

Hemerocallis (See Novelties)

Our stock of these are all field-grown, and can		-
upon to be true to name. Large divisions. Each	Doz	. 100
Hemerocallis aurantiaca\$0 25	\$2	50
Aurantiaca major 25	2	50
Apricot	I	50\$10 00
Dumortierii		75 5 50
Disticha (Fulva)		75 5 50
Flava 10	,	75 5 50
Florham. True		
Gold Dust 12	I :	25 8 50



Helianthus, or Perennial Sunflower

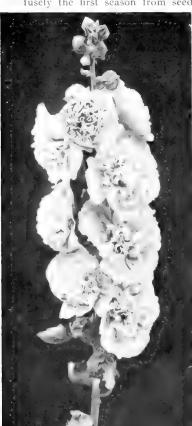
	Heme	rocallis,	continued	Each	Doz.	100
Kwanso fl. pl				.So 10	\$0 75	\$5 50
Middendorfii						5 50
Orange Man				12	I 25	8 50
Sovereign				12	1 25	8 50
Thunbergii						5 59
HESPERIS matronali	S			10	7.5	5 50
HEPATICA triloba .				10	85	6 50
HEUCHERA sanguin	ea			12	85	6 50
Sanguinea rosea				12	85	0 50
" alba				І 2	85	6 50
HIBISCUS Moscheute	s			10	7.5	5 50
Moscheutos, Crimso	on Ey	e		10		5 50
Militaris				10		5 50

Hollyhocks

Our Hollyhocks are grown from the finest seed procurable and can furnish either strong field roots or pot plants at prices quoted.

ł	Each	D	oz.	10	00
Hollyhocks, Double Red, White, Yellow, Pink,					
Salmon and Maroon. Colors separate \$6	010	\$1	00	87	50
Double Mixed	. 10		85	- 6	50
Single Mixed	. 10		85	6	50
Allegheny, Fringed		I	00	7	50
Henderson's New Everblooming. The small					
est plants of this variety will flower pro	-				

fusely the first season from seed. Colors



Double Hollyhocks

range from pure white to the deepest crimson. Plants from pots, ready in April. 10 cts. each, 75 cts. per doz., \$5.50 per 100.

HUMULUS Lupulus aureus (Golden Hops). 15c. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

HYPERICUM Moserianum. 12 cts. each \$1 per doz., \$7.50 per 100.

IBERIS sempervirens. 10 cts. each, 75 cts. per doz., \$5.50 per 100.

Sempervirens, Snow Queen. New. See Novelties. 15 cts. each, \$1.25 per doz., \$8 per 100.

INCARVILLEA Delavayii 12 cts. each, \$1.25 per doz., \$7.50

Grandiflora, New, See Novelties. 12 cts. each, \$1.25 per doz., \$7.50 per 100.

INULA glandulosa grandiffora. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

Plants received in fine condition. I want to thank you for your promptness and thrifty plants.—Mrs II. M. Chambers, Georgetown, Ky., May 25, 1909

Iris (Fleur-de-Lis

The Iris is the "orchid" of the flower-garden; its blossoms are the most rich and varied in color of hardy plants. It should be extensively planted in flower and shrubbery borders and wild When established, the plants yield a great quantity gardens.

of bloom.

There are few hardy plants more useful and so decorative, either for beds, groups, or as cut-flowers. This is particularly so with the Japan section, it being quite common to find flowers measuring over 6 inches across, and their being perfectly hardy, increase in beauty from year to year, with very little attention.

German Iris, or Flag (Iris Germanica). Early-						
flowering—	Ea	ch	Do	DZ.	10	00
Aurea. Golden yellow	\$o	IO	Sı	00		
Canary Bird. Soft canary-yellow		10		7.5	\$5	50
Celeste. Pale blue veined		10		75	5	50
Darling. Large, deep blue		IO		75	- 5	50
Florentina alba. Pure white; large flower	rst					
fragrant		10		75	5	50
Gracchus. Pale yellow and purple		0.1		75	5	50
Jenny Lind. Pure yellow, with deep purpli-	sh					
violet; very fine		$_{\rm I O}$		75	5	50
Kharput. Standards violet; falls violet-purpl	e:					
early-flowering; very large flower; fragran	t.	10		75	- 5	50



German Iris

Ea	ch	D)Z.	to	00
King of the Blues. Rich, deep blue So	10	\$0	75	\$5	50
Lilaceus. Standard lilac; falls blue	10		75	5	50
L'Innocence. Ivory-white	10		75	- 5	50
Mme. Cornelia. Bright rose	10		75	5	50
Madam Chereau. White-feathered; edges of					
sky-blue	ΙO		7.5	- 5	50
Minerva. Creamy white, veined and blotched					
with deep purple	10			5	
Mont Blanc. White, tinted blue; extra	10			- 5	
Pallida. Lavender, with rosy tinge	10			5	50
" Dalmatica. Extra-fine lavender color	1.5	1	50		
" folia variegata. New. Green, with					
broad bands of creamy yellow			00		
Queen of May. Bright violet and heliotrope.	15	I	50	IO	00
Stellata. Olive and brown	IO		75	5	50
Mixture of German Iris, All Colors . 1,000, \$25	05		50	3	00
IRIS pumila. Flowers pale blue, tinged purple and pure white; very early and dwarf-grow-					
ing	10		75	- 5	50
Pumila Hybrids. Cross between Pumila and Germanica. Four named varieties in colors, Dark Blue, Light Blue, White and					
Yellow. Separate colors	12	1	00	7	50

Japanese Iris (Iris Kaempferi)

Or the Clematis-like Iris of Japan

The magnificence of these splendid new Japanese Irises surpass any written description that we could give of them. The large, flat flowers measure 6 to 8 inches in diameter, with a breadth of petal 3 to 3½ inches; the prevailing colors are white, redpurple, crimson, rose, lilac, lavender, French gray, purple, violet and blue, each flower usually representing several shades. Season of blooming is from June to August.

Season of blooming is from June to August.

Japanese Iris (Iris Kæmpleri)—
Gekka-no-nami. Dense pure white, yellow blotches.
Shishi-odori. Purple stained.
Kumoma-no-sora. White, sky-blue zone.
Kumo-no-obi. Dark lavender-purple; white halo.
Kagaribi. Brilliant ruby, feathered white; yellow blotches.
Kakujakuro. Blue and purple, heavy feathered white; yellow blotches.
Yedo-kagami. Crimson, claret, orange blotches, with blue halo.
Iso-no-nami. Carulean-blue, on grav-lilac, flaked, speckled:

Iso-no-nami. Cærulean-blue on gray-lilac, flaked, speckled; large yellow blotches.

Datedogu. Rich claret-red, orange blotches, blue halo.

Pateuogu. Kich claret-red, orange blotches, blue halo.

Prices of clumps of the above named varieties, 12 cts. each, \$1 per doz.. \$7.50 per 100. Mixed all colors, 10 cts. each, 75 cts. per doz., \$5.50 per 100

Iris in Variety—			De			
English, Named Sorts	\$0 :	0	\$0	75	\$5	50
Mixed Colors	(25		50	3	50
Fœtidissima folia variegata	:	15	I	50		
Pseudo acorus	:	0 1		85	6	
Sibirica alba	:	0		85	6	
" purpurea	:	0		85	6	50
Orientalis, Snow Queen. New and desirable						
pure white. See Novelties				50		
Ochroleuca (Gigantea). White and yellow			2	50		
Susiana (Mourning Iris)	:	0		75	5	50
JASMINUM nudiflorum. See Climbers.						
LAVANDULA vera (Sweet Lavender)		0		75	5	50

Lathyrus (Everlasting Sweet Peas)

The present popularity of the annual Sweet Pea is extending to the perennial sorts, which have so much to recommend them on account of their permanency and their adaptability to almost any soil or situation. They have also been improved upon in late years and we offer among the Novelties and Specialties, White Pearl and Mary Lovett, both of which are great improvements over the type.

Lathyrus latifolius. Red

Latifolius albus

Mary Lovett. New Pink and White like

 Latifolius albus
 12 \$1 00 \$6 50

 Latifolius albus
 12 1 00 6 50

 Mary Lovett.
 New Pink and White like

 Blanche Ferry sweet pea
 15 1 50 10 00

 Pink Beauty
 10 1 00 6 50

 White Pearl.
 New. See Novelties
 25 2 50

 LEONTOPODIUM Sibericum (Siberian Edelweiss)
 25 2 50



Japanese Iris, or Iris Kæmpferi



Lilium candidum, or Annuciation Lily

Lilium

All herbaceous borders should have a few Lilies scattered through them, of which the following are the most satisfactory sorts to plant:

Tanamasa Variation	1.	Do			_
	ach	Do	ız,	IC	0
Auratum. Large-sized bulbs; yellow and		dh.			
white\$0	15	\$I			
Album (Speciosum). Large-sized bulbs; white.	20	2	00	15	00
Melpomene (Speciosum). Rose	15	I	50	10	00
Rubrum (Speciosum), Deep red, Large-sized					
bulbs	15	I	50	10	00
	- 5	_	J -		
Native and Other Hardy Lilies—		_			
Canadense	I 2	1			50
Candidum (Annunciation Lily)	15	1	25	10	00
Colchicum (Szovitzianum)	30	3	00		
Croceum, or Orange Lily	15	1	50		
Elegans	I 2	I	00	7	50
Giganteum (Himalayan Lily)	00	10	50		
Henryi. New. Yellow Speciosum	00		5		
Longiflorum.	10	I	00	7	50
Martagon (Turk's Cap)	12		00		
Dordolinum				7	50
Pardalinum	12		00	7	50
Philadelphicum	12	1	00	7	50
Philippense. New variety from the Philippine	•				
Islands		2	50		
Superbum		1	00	7	50
Tenuifolium	12	I	00	7	50
Tigrinum, Single			75	5	50
" Splendens	10		85	6	50
" fl. pl	10		85		50
Thunbergianum		I	00	7	50
Umbellatum		1	00	7	50
Wallacei		τ	00	7	50
				-	-
LIATRIS pycnostachya	10		75	5	50
Scariosa			75	5	50
LINUM perenne. Blue			75	5	50
Perenne album. White	TO		75	5	50
Flavum	12	I	00	7	50
LINDELOFIA spectabilis	10		75	5	50
LOBELIA cardinalis				_	
Cymbilitics	10		75	5	50
Syphilitica			75	5	
LUPINUS polyphyllus. Blue	I 2	I		7	50
Polyphyllus alba. White		1	00	7	50
" roseus. Rose	I 5	I	50	10	00
Moerheimi. See Novelties	25	2	50	20	00
LYCHNIS alpina	12	I	00	7	50
Chalcedonica			7.5	5	
" carnea	1.2	I		.,	J
" fl. pl. New. See Novelties	25		50		
Haageana	. 10		75	~	50
Semperflorens plana See Novelties	. I2		00	3	50
Semperflorens plena. See Novelties	. 12			7 8	20
Vespertina alba plena	. 15				
Viscaria splendens	. I 2	1	00	7	50
LYCORIS squamigera. See Amaryllis.					
LYSIMACHIA clethroides	. 10		75	5	50
Nummularia			65		50
			~		-

LYTHRUM roseum superbum \$5	10	\$c	7.5	\$:	
MECONOPSIS Cambrica fl. pl. See Novelties	25	2	50		
MEGASEA cordifolia	1.2	I	65		5 -
Ligulata	1.2	1	CS	7	55
MENTHA spicata (Spearmint)	0,5		50	3	50
Rotundifolia variegata. White and green	10		7.5	5 3	
Piperita (Peppermint)	0.5		50		5
Pulegium (Pennyroyal)	0.1		7.5	- 5	5
MERTENSIA Virginica	1.2	1	60	7	5
MONARDA didyma rosea.	1.2				
Didyma splendens Cambridge Scarlet	10		75	- 5	15. 15.
" Cambridge Scarlet	10		7.5	- 5	5
Violacea superba. New. See Novelties	1.5	1		ΙŌ	
Russeliana. Pale blue	1.2	1		- 7	50
Fistulosa alba			7.5	- 5	5
MYOSOTIS palustris semperflorens	10		7.5	- 5	5
Sutton's Perfection	1 <	1	50	10	
NEPETA Glechoma hederacea folia variegata .	10		75	5	50
Glechoma viridis (Ground Ivv)	05		50	2	50
Mussini	1.5	1	2.5		
ŒNOTHERA Fraseri	10		7.5	5	50
Missouriensis		1	00		5 9
Pilgrimii			7.5	- 5	50
Speciosa. Large, white flowers. See Novelties	10		7.5	- 5	5
Youngii	10		7.5	- 5	50
OMPHALODES verna	1.2	- 1	00	7	50
Verna alba	1.2	1	00	7	50
ONOPORDON, Robert Bruce. See Novelties	25	2	50		
OPUNTIA Rafinesquii Hard. Cartu-		1			
ORCHIDS (Hardy), Cypripedium acaule					50
Cypripedium spectabile	35	.3	50		., -
PACHYSANDRA terminalis	1.5	1	50	0.1	00

Pæonia Sinensis (Double Chinese Peony)

These magnificent Peonies bear large and handsome flowers in summer, varying in color from pure white to blush, rose, pink, and bright and deep crimsons, while most of them are deliciously rose-scented. They are of simple culture, succeeding in any ordinary garden soil. The planting season for Peonies is from September to April; those planted in September generally bloom the following summer.

Oriental Poppy

Chrysanthemifiora. Light flesh color, with yellow center. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

Duke of Wellington. Very fine form;

sulphur-white. 20 cts, each, \$1.75 per doz., \$12 per 100. Fidelene. Purplish red; very good. 20 cts, each, \$2 per doz.

Festiva alba. Pure white. 20 cts.
each, \$1.50 per doz.,
\$10 per 100.
Festiva maxima. Pure

white, flaked with pur ple; large flower. 35 each, \$3.50 per doz. Grandiflora rosea. Clear

pink and salmon. 20c. each, \$1.75 per doz., \$12 per 100.

M. Rousselon. Rose; white center, 20 cts each, \$2 per doz.

Modeste Guerin. Purplish pink, center pink, 20 cts. each, \$1.75 per doz., \$12 per 1

Queen Victoria. White; very free. 20 cts. each, \$1.75 per doz., \$12 per 100.

Reine de Françaises. 20 cts each, \$2 per doz.

Rubens, Dark red; semi-double, 20 ets. each, \$1.75 per doz. Sergen i

Sapho. Data red. zee, caen, \$1.75 per doz., \$12 per 100.



Pæony Festiva maxima

MIXED PÆONY SINENSIS

MIXED FAUNT SINE NSI	3				
Ea	ch	10	us.		
Mixed Red Varieties \$0	1.2	Si	0.0	2-	<
· Pink Varieties	1.2	1	0.0	_	ς
Pink Varieties	1.2	1	00	-	5
All Colors Mixed. We have a specially fine lot :					
roots in mixture, bought in from a florist					
going out of business, who grew them for					
market. They consist of the best varieties for					
cut-flowers, and contain all colors from pure					
white to deepest red (white predominating					
This affords a rare opportunity of securing					
the best kinds for planting in quantity at a					
price much lower than we ever saw them					
quoted elsewhere. There were several acres					
of them, and we offer the large roots as dug.					
until sold, at			7.5	5	00

SINGLE PEONIES

These single Chinese Peonies are much prized for cut-flowers, having flowers of great beauty, ranging in color from snowy white through all shades of blush-pink and rose to the deepest and richest crimsons. They bloom in June, and are exceedingly decorative plants for herbaceous borders and to intermingle with shrubs, etc.; for shaded walks they will be much prized.

	Each	Doz.
Single and Semi-Double Flowers in Mixture	So 25	\$2 50
Ten Named Sorts, Separate	. 35	3 50

PÆONIA OFFICINALIS

Beautiful Hardy Double European Peonies, Early-flowering

These Peonies are very old inhabitants of our garden and at the present day, like many other old-fashioned flowers, are being generally appreciated, and well they may. In partially shaded groves, these European Peonies thrive and are happy, while in beds or as single specimens they are exceedingly effective.

PÆONIA TENUIFOLIA (The Fennel-leaved Peony)

A remarkably distinct and beautiful plant, with large crimson flowers nesting amongst a graceful feathery foliage; it is dwarf and compact in habit, and altogether a most valuable border plant.

Each 19

JAPANESE TREE PEONIES

Extra-strong plact in a defined, dealer varieties (75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz.)

Papaver orientale (Giant Oriental Poppies)

For gorgeous coloring, these Giant Oriental Poppies have few rivals amongst hardy plants. To cut for vases, the flowers, which are abundantly produced, are greatly valued, and will last as long as other flowers, if cut in the early morning, when the bud is bursting, and the outer green calyx be stripped off; they will then open in water and the petals will not readily drop. The varieties enumerated are all first-class. Pot-grown Poppies can be planted successfully without the least set-back in early spring.

be planted successfully without the least set-back in early spring.
Mixed Colors, Seedlings— Each Doz. 100
Strong plants from 3-in. pots\$0 10 \$0 75 \$5 50
Field plants 12 85 6 50
Named Sorts from Cuttings—
Blush Queen. Light pink.
Mahony. Deep carmine-purple.
Mrs. Marsh. Scarlet, flaked with white.
Parkmani. Intense scarlet; very large flowers.
Proserpine. Dark lilac, shading to carmine-pink.
Prince of Orange. Orange-red.
Princess Victoria Louise. See Novelties.
Psyche. Delicate rose.
Rembrandt. Dark crimson.
Salmon Queen. Rich salmon-scarlet.
Royal Scarlet.

Price of above named varieties, 3-inch pots 12 cts. each, \$1 per doz., \$6.50 per 100; 4-inch pots, 15 cts. each, \$1.25 per doz., \$8.50 per 100. The large size is certain to bloom the first year.

PAPAVER NUDICAULE (Alpine Poppies)

Elegant dwarf Poppies, with an abundance of graceful, showy flowers from May to September. Prized for cutting. As border plants it would be impossible to over-estimate their value. Height, r ft

I ft.						, ,
		ch		oz.		00
Mixed seedlings. White, yellow and orange	. \$0	10	\$0	75	\$5	50
Separate colors			I	00	7	50
PARDANTHUS Chinensis		10		75	5	50
PENTSTEMON barbatus Torreyi		IO		85	6	50
Diffusus		10		75	5	50
Digitalis		10		85	6	50
Grandiflorus. See Novelties		I 2	I	00		50
Ovatus		10		7.5	5	50
Pubescens		10		75	_	50
PETASITES Japonica gigantea			1	00	7	50
PHYSOSTEGIA Virginica. Pink		IO		75	5	50
Speciosa. Bright rose		10		75	5	50
" alba. White		10		75	5	50
PHYSALIS Francheti		Ι2	I	00	7	50
Bunyardii. See Novelties		15	I	25		00
		- 3	-	- 3	- 0	

Phlox (Perennial)

The beauty and usefulness of these grand border plants give to them a deservedly first place amongst hardy plants for cutting; their large trusses go a long way in flower decorations. In color they range from pure white to the richest crimson and purple; and from soft rose and salmon to bright coral-red, all having a delicate fragrance. They succeed in almost any soil enriched with manure. If the first spikes of bloom of the Suffruticosa, or Early-flowering Phlox, are removed as soon as over, and the plants given a good soaking of water, they will produce a second supply of flowers, thus continuing the display until late in autumn. These later blooms are often much finer than the first.

A great advance has been made in the last few years in this beautiful and useful family of hardy plants, the result being larger and bolder trusses, with individual flowers twice and thrice the size of those of the older kinds. New and striking colors of great beauty have also been added. The varieties offered below include the finest of new introductions and only the very best of

For those who are not acquainted with the many varieties herein offered and whom the brief descriptions may not assist in selection, we have marked with an asterisk (*) such varieties as we consider the best for all purposes.

NOTICE.—Our prices are for large field-grown plants, or we can furnish plants in $2\frac{1}{2}$ -inch pots that flower the first season, at half the prices quoted for named varieties.

PHLOX DECUSSATA

			Doz.		
Athis. Tall salmon-pink\$	010	\$0	75	\$5	50
Artaxis. Rosy pink, suffused with white	IO			5	
Beranger. White, beautifully pencilled	10		7.5	5	50
*Boule de Feu. Brilliant red; fine	10		7.5	5	50
Bridesmaid. Pure white, with rich crimson eve	. IO		75	ς.	50
Blanc Nain. Very dwarf; pure white	12	$\sim \mathbf{I}$	00	7.	50
*Bacchante. Deep rosy carmine; enormous	. 10			5	
*Bouquet Fleure. Dwarf, branching; white					-
crimson eye	10		75	5	50

Phlox decussata continued

	Phlox decussata continued					
	*Caran d'Ache. Cerise-pink; one of the most Ea	ch	Do	oz.	10	00
	showy and free-flowering\$0					
	*Champs Elysees. Rich purplish crimson; fine	10	400	13	w 3	30
					_	
	for massing	10		7.5	5	50
	*Coquelicot. Fine scarlet	10		7.5	- 6	00
	*Cyclone. White, suffused with rosy lilac	10		75	5	50
	*Daybreak. See Novelties	15	Ī	50	10	
1	Duguesclin. White, with dark crimson center	10		75	5	50
	*Eclaireur. Carmine-purple, with lighter center.	ΙO		75	5	50
	*Etna. ()range-scarlet	ΙO	1	00	7	50
	Esclarmonde. Soft lilac; center shaded with					
	white	10		75	5	50
	*F. G. Von Lassburg. Fine pure white	10		75	5	50
	*Feu de Bengal. ()ne of the best scarlets	10	I	00	7	50
	*General Von Heutze. New brilliant salmon-				,	
	red, with fine white center; extra-fine sort.					
	See Novelties	10	ī	00	7	50
	*George A. Strohlein. New. See Novelties	15	I		IO	
	Hanny Pfleiderer. See Novelties	25	2	50	10	-
	Jeanne d'Arc. Pure white; enormous truss;	~ 3	-	5		
		10				
	*Josephine Gerbeau. Cherry-red center, with	ĭO		75	4	50
J	white margin	т 🔿		e e	_	F ~
	white margin	10		75	5	50
	*Jean Barth. Soft clear pink; center cherry-red	10		75	5	50
ļ	*Jocelyn. Fiery brick-red, with deeper eye; simi-					
1	lar in effect to General Grant Geranium	12	I	00	7	50
	Lord Raleigh. Dark purplish blue—the nearest					
	and best approach to blue	10	I	00	7	50
	L'Aiglon. Carmine-rose, with bright crimson					
	eye	I 2	I	00		
1	La Vogue. Clear soft pink, with cherry eye	10		85		
l	Lothair. Very attractive shade of light red	10		85	6	50
	Le Soleil. Rose; brighter center	10		75		50
ŀ	*Madam Paul Dutrie. See Novelties	15	I	25		00
	Marie Kuppenheimer. Pure white; fine com-	5		- 5	,	
ı	pact truss; late, tall grower	10		7 5	ď	50
ŀ	*Mrs. F. F. Ionling Dura white energy	10		75	5	50
ı	*Mrs. E. E. Jenkins. Pure white, enormous					
l	truss; very fine flower and free bloomer	10		75	5	50
ı	*Meteor. Violet, with white center	10		75	5	50
ı	Marquis de St. Paul. Deep rose, overlaid sal-					
ı	mon; enormous individual florets, many					
	larger than a fifty-cent piece	12	I	00	7	50
	Mariette. Carmine-violet	10		85		50
	*Moliere. Salmon, tinted rose; cerise eye, with			- J	-	J -
	white ring; very fine	10	т	00	7	E O
		10		50	7	50
1	*Nana cærulea. One of the best blue Phlox;	~ -			_	
	dwarf habit	10		75	5	50
	*Professor Schliemann. Bright currant-red,					
1	with bright crimson eye; very showy	10		75	5	50
1	Peachblow. Delicate shade of pink, suffused					
	with white	10	I	00	7	50
1	Pacha. Deep rose, with bright eye	Ι2	т	00	•	
1	*P. Bonnetain. Soft rose, with white halo; very					
	lovely	т О	r	00	17	r 0
l		10	1	00	1	50
	*R. P. Struthers. Rosy carmine, with claret-				_	
	red eye	10	I	00	7	50
	*Selma. Delicate rose, with deep rosy eye; extra-					
	fine sort of recent introduction. See Novelties	15	1	50	ΙO	00
	*Sonnenkind. Dark rose, lighter center; very fine	10		75	5	50
	Thebaide. Salmon-red, crimson eye	10		75	5	50
	*Terre Neuve. Clear red petals, striped white	10		75	5	50
	Tourmasse. Bright, deep red; very attractive.	12	I		7	50
	Wm. Ramsey. Dark purple, extra fine	10	-	85	6	
	Trus. ramsey. Dark purple, extra fine	10		05	U	50

PHLOX DECUSSATA IN MIXTURE

In going over our Phlox during the growing season, we find many sorts sporting, which are always carefully removed and thrown together in mixture. Besides these, names are sometimes lost by accident. This mixture contains some of the best types of all colors, making them suitable for massing where no particular color effect is desired. Strong, field-grown roots, in mixture, 5 cts. each, 50 cts. per doz., \$3 per 100, \$25 per 1,000.

PHLOX SUFFRUTICOSA (Early-flowering Phlox)

These flower two or three weeks before Decussata, and make fine spikes of bloom again in the fall. Specially useful for cutting.

Enchantress. New. Shell-pink. Same habit Ea as Miss Lingard\$0			10	00
Forward. Violet flowers, striped white		_	\$ 6	50.
*Indian Chief. Clear purple-red; rich shade		85	6	50
*Miss Lingard. Pearly white flower, with invisible pink eye. Very remarkable bloomer, producing two or three crops of flowers during the season; indispensable as a cut-flower		Ü		
for florists' use\$40 per 1,000	10	75	5	50
Nettie Stewart. White, with light pink eye	10	85	6	50
Ringleader. White, with large violet-red eye	10	85	6	50

PHLOX SUBULATA (Dwarf Moss Pinks)

The remarkable beauty produced by the sheets of bloom from these exquisite prostrate-growing Phloxes through the spring and early summer, defies description; in rockwork they form lovely cataracts of striking colors, while for massing in beds and edgings, they are indispensable.

Rose, or Lilac. Strong, field clumps Ea	ch	De)Z.	IC	00	
\$35 per 1,000\$0				\$4	50	
Atropurpurea. Purple-rose	15	I	50			
Frondosa. Pink, with dark center	15	I	50			
G. F. Wilson. Lovely mauve	15	I	50			
Nelsonii. Dwarf; compact; white	10		75	5	50	1

OTHER VARIETIES OF PHLOX

OTHER VARIETIES OF PHE	OX					
Amœna	10		75	5	50	
Folia variegata						
Divaricata Canadensis	10		75	5	50	
Laphami. Perry's variety. See Novelties						
Maculata. Tall, bright rosy crimson flowers;						
glossy green foliage\$35 per 1,000	10		75	4	50	
Ovata Carolina (Laurel-leaf Phlox)	1.2	I	00	7	50	
Verna	1.5	1	50			
PLATYCODON grandiflorum album	10		75	5	50	
Grandiflorum, Blue	10		7.5	5	50	
Mariesi macrantha	0.1		75	5	50	
PLUMBAGO Larpentæ	10	Ī	00	6	50	
PODOPHYLLUM peltatum					50	



English Primrose, Primula vulgaris

	Each		Doz.		Z. 10	
POLEMONIUM cæruleum						
Cæruleum album					6	
Richardsonii		$\circ_{\rm I}$		85	6	50
POLYGONATUM majus		10		85	6	50
POLYGONUM cuspidatum		10		75	5	50
Baldschuanicum		50	- 5	00		
Alpinum		10		7.5	- 5	50
POTENTILLA Arc-en-Ciel					6	
Wm. Rollinson		ΙO		85	()	50

Primulas (Hardy Primroses)

A Primula garden is a charming sight, and once seen is not soon forgotten. Naturalized in shady spots on rockeries and on walls, etc. These Alpine gems present a lovely picture in spring and early summer. All hardy. Most varieties stand gentle forcing and are much in demand at Easter.

HARDY ALPINE VARIETIES

	ch	D	oz.	z. 100	
Auricula. The sweet-scented, yellow Swiss					
species, with large, handsome, silver-edged,					
mealy foliage. A lovely plant. Height, 1ft.\$0	15	\$ı	25	\$8	50
Acaulis fimbriata. Large flowers; mixed colors.	Ι2	I	00	7	50
Elatior (Polyanthus)	1.2	1	00	-	50
Veris superba. Giant yellow Polyanthus. True					
Hardy Primrose	I 2	1	00	7	50
Vulgaris. English yellow Primrose	12	I	00	7	50

Primula Cortusoides Sieboldi (Hardy Japanese Primrose). See Novelties. The flowers of this variety equal the Chinese Primrose (Primula Sinensis) in color and size, and can be forced into bloom very quickly in a low temperature of 50 degrees. It is a grand plant for all purposes, and is certain to become a universal favorite when better known. Perfectly hardy. They embrace all shades, from brightest red to pale rose and white. Colors separate or in mixed. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$9 per 100, in 12 named sorts. Collection of one each of

					100	
PRUNELLA Webbiana	\$0	10	\$0	85	\$6	50
PULMONARIA saccharata maculata		1.2	- 1	00	8 :	50

Pyrethrum

The Pyrethrum in May and June occupies the same position as that held by the chrysanthemum in September and October: therefore the name "Spring-flowering Chrysanthemum" is not inappropriately given to it. The flowers are large, elegantly formed, and vary in color from snow-white to the richest crimson. The habit of the plant is graceful, the foliage elegant, and the flowers are produced in great profusion. It is very hardy, surviving without the slightest protection during the severest winters. In herbaceous borders, shrubberies and situations where a mass of color is important in May and June, Pyrethrums are matchless. As cut-flowers for vases and table decoration, the blossoms are of the greatest value, and last in water longer than almost any other flowers.

The single varieties are thought more charming than the double, their simplicity, brilliancy of color and, as a rule, freer blooming, rendering them better adapted for cutting or decoration.

DOUBLE VARIETIES

Our collection of these desirable hardy plants came from a celebrated English specialist, and embraces the best varieties suitable for cut-flowers, etc. We have a fine lot in 3-inch pots in the following named varieties.

25 cts. each, \$2 per doz., \$15 per 100

Anacreon. Bright rose; white tips.

Deese. Flesh-color.

Kriemhilde. Pale rose.

Marceau. Rosy carmine, tipped yellow.

Mont Blanc. White.

Sir James Miller. Similar to Anacreon; larger flower.

Triomphe de France. Bright crimson, shaded purple.

Lady Kildare. Delicate buff-yellow, tinged with flesh; exceedingly pretty.

SINGLE VARIETIES

The brilliant and fresh colors of the Single Pyrethrum render it a desirable plant for cut-flower for market.

it a desirable plant for cut-flower for market.							
Pyrethrum roseum hybridum grandiflorum. Each Doz. 100 Superb, new, large, single-flowered varie-							
ties in mixture\$0	IO	\$0	85	\$6	50		
uliginosum	10		75	5	50		
RANUNCULUS aconitifolius fl. pl.	10		85		50		
Repens fl. pl	10		75	5	-		
REHMANNIA angulata. See Novelties	15	I	25	8	50		
RHEXIA Virginica	10		75	5	50		
ROMNEYA Coulteri (California Tree Poppy)	75						
ROSMARINUS officinalis (Rosemary)	10		65	4	50		
RUDBECKIA, Autumn Glory. Tall, single variety; large, yellow flowers from August to							
October	10		85		50		
Fulgida	10		85	0	00		
Maxima. Very attractive sort	15	I	50	_			
Newmani	10		75 85		50		
Subtomentosa	10		75		50		
Golden Glow. Clumps.	10		75	5	50		
Strong divisions	05		50	-	50		
SALVIA argentea.	10		85	6	50		
Azurea grandiflora	10		85	()	50		
Pratensis	10		85	6	50		
Turkestanica	15	X	50	10	00		
SAGE, Holt's Mammoth	05		50	3	50		
SANTOLINA incana	00		50	,3	50		
SAPONARIA ocymoides splendens	1.5	1	50				
Caucasica fl. pl.	1.2	1	00	()	50		
SAXIFRAGA. See also Megasa							
Peltata	1.2	I	25				
Sarmentosa	10		7.5	- 5	50		
SCABIOSA Caucasica.	1.2	1	00	7	50		
Caucasica alba	1.2	I	00				
Gigantea	10		85		50		
Japonica	I 2	I	00	7	50		

Sedum (Stonecrop)

Charming plants, with great diversity of character, most of them having dwarf and spreading growth, while a few are stately border plants. For carpeting, also for covering rockwork, walls and ruins. Few plants are so useful, as they will grow many place when fully exposed to the sun. Some have purple, brown or mealy white foliage; others have a profusion of yellow, white or pink flowers; the dwarf varieties are extensively used for edgings and carpet beds. Each Sedum acre. Very dwarf\$0 10 \$0 75 \$5 50

Maximum album 10 Maximowiczii. Yellow 10 Spectabile atropurpureum. See Novelties 15 SEMPERVIVUM acuminatum (Hardy House Leek) 10 75 5 50 Arachnoideum 12 1 00 6 50 Pyrenaicum 10 Tectorum . . . SENECIO Clivorum. New; recently introduced SHAMROCK, True Irish. Produced from seed procured from Ireland. Pot plants. 10 1 00 SHORTIA galacifolia. . . . 15 1 50 SIDALCEA Murrayana . . . 12 1 00 Rosy Gem. See Novelties 15 1 50 Purpurea. Purple ... 12 1 00 Candida. White ... 12 1 00 SILENE asterias 10 1 00 6 50 SMILACINA racemosa ... 10 75 5 50 SOLIDAGO Canadensis... 10 Odora..... 10 1 00 Rigida 10 1 00 SPIRÆA Aruncus 10 85 Astilboides floribunda . . 10 Chinensis...... Compacta multiflora . . . 10 Filipendula fl. pl..... 10 Japonica 10
Palmata 10 5 50 6 50 " elegans 10 Ulmaria aurea 10 6 50 Venusta 10 Tritoma 75 5 50 STACHYS lanata 10 6 50 STATICE latifolius 5 50 STOKESIA Cyanea. Lavender-blue flowers, 4 to 5 inches in diameter; much resembling a large centaurea; blooms from June to October; of recent introduction, and is of great merit as a plant for the border or as a cutflower. Strong plants . . . 5 50 Cyanea alba. New white form of the above.. 10 5 50 SWEET WILLIAM. See Dianthus barbatus. SYMPHYTUM aurea 12 TANACETUM (Costomary, or Bible Leaf) 10 TEUCRIUM Chamædrys 12 1 00
THALICTRUM aquilegifolium 12 1 00 Aquilegifolium album 12 1 25
Adiantifolium. See Novelties 10 1 00
Dioicum. Purple flowers 12 1 00
THERMOPSIS Caroliniana 12 1 00 T 00 THYMUS 85 Lanuginosus (Woolly-leaved Thyme) 10
Citriodorus aureus (Lemon Thyme) 10
Vulgaris (English Thyme) 10 85 7 50 5 50 5 50 Grandiflorum...... 7.5 TRITOMA (Red-Hot-Poker Plant)— Corallina. Bright coral-red flowers produced 15 1 50 10 00

Trollius (Globe Flower)

Beautiful showy border plants, having an elegant and luxuriant foliage, and, in early summer, large, handsome, globe-shaped flowers, which are valued for cutting. The Trollius takes the first place among hardy border plants, thriving equally well in half-shady or sunny situations; it is also a striking and beautiful subject for planting by the water-side. Plant in autumn or

	ch	De	oz.	10	0
Trollius Asiaticus fl. Croceo. See Novelties. \$0	1.5	$$_{\rm I}$	50		
Caucasicus (Orange Globe)	15	ī	50	\$10	00
Europæus. Large, bright yellow	I 2	I	00	7	50
Fire Globe. New. Orange-red	15	E	25		50
Japonicus excelsior. See Novelties	15	ľ	50		
TUNICA saxifraga	10		7.5	5	50
Saxifraga alba	15	I	50		
VALERIANA coccinea	10		85	6	50
Alba	10		85	6	50
Officinalis	1.2	1	00	7	50
VERBASCUM pannosum (Mullein)	10		75	5	50
VERONICA amethystina	10		85	6	50
Gentianoides foliis variegatis. See Novelties .	1.5	I	50		
Incana	10		85	- 6	50
Longifolia subsessilis. See Novelties.					
First size	0 1	1	00	6	50
Second size	10		75	5	50
Longifolia nana	12	I	00	7	50
Spicata	10		75	5	50
" rosea	10	1	00	7	50
Virginica	10		7.5	5	50
VINCA Minor (Myrtle). Clumps, extra strong.	IO		7.5	5	50
Strong divisions	06		50	3	50
From 4-in. pots, established	I 2	1	25	01	00
Minor foliis argenteis variegatis	10	I	00	7	50
VIOLETS. Hardy Varieties-					
La France. New, large single violet; sweet-					
scented	I 2	1	00	7	50
Princess of Wales. Broad, pansy-like flowers					
of deep violet color	I 2	I	00	7	50
Hardy Double English. Fine deep purple;					
very fragrant	ΙO		75	5	50

Viola cornuta (Tufted Pansies)

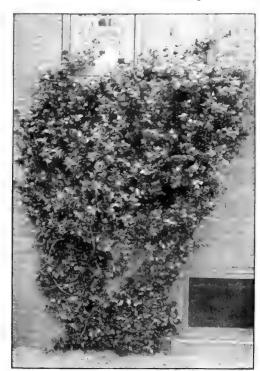
Most valuable of spring and summer bedding plants. These bedding Violas are among the most valuable spring and summer plants, and are unrivaled where a continual mass of bloom of bright and attractive colors are required from spring till autumn. "I suspect that Tufted Pansies or Violas will become the most popular plants for covering the ground because they bloom all spring and summer (except for an enforced rest of about ten days), and they have a great range of colors," says an authority. All our plants of these are established in pots.

,	I-				
Viola cornuta (Tufted Pansy)-	Each	Do			00
Admiration. Dark blue \$	0 05	\$0	50	\$3	50
Lutea splendens Yellow			50	3	50
Papilio. Pale blue	. 05		50	3	50
White Perfection	. 05		50	3	50
Viola Pedata (Bird's-foot Violet)	. 10		75	5	50
Pedata bicolor	. I2	T	00	7	50
WALLFLOWER, English. Strong, one-year-ol plants, sure of blooming first season an suitable for planting outdoors, or as pos	d t-				
plants for early flowering	. I2	1	00	7	50
YUCCA filamentosa. Fine large plants from	n				
open ground	. 12	1	00	7	50



Trillium grandiflora

Hardy Vines and Climbers



Euonymus radicans

The state of the s					
ACTINIDIA polygama. Extra-strong 6-foot Each Doz. vines					
Arguta. 2-yrold	75 35	\$3	50		
AKEBIA quinata. Extra-strong, 8-ft. vines, imported	30	,	00		
Strong, 2-yrold plants	01		00	87	50
AMPELOPSIS Veitchi. Extra strong; 3 ft. Strong, field-grown plants Muralis. Strong, 2-yrold plants. Quinquefolia (Virginia Creeper) Engelmani. Strong, 2-yrold plants	15 12 15 12	I	50 25 50 00	10 7	50
APIOS tuberosa. Strong tubers	05		50	2	50
$\textbf{ARISTOLOCHIA Sipho} \ (Dutchman's \ Pipe), \dots$	60	5	00		
BIGNONIA grandiflora. Extra strong. 2-yrold plants Radicans. Extra strong 2-yrold plants	30 15 20 10	I	75 50 25 00	10	00
CELASTRUS scandens. 2-yrold plants	15	I	50	10	00
CINNAMON VINES	06		50	3	00
Henryi. Finest white. Jackmanii. Royal purple. Mad. Baron Veillard. Light rose. Mad. Edouard Andre. Rich velvety red. Ville de Lyon. New, red-flowering. Strong 2-year-old plants, above named varieties, 20 doz., \$15 per 100 CLEMATIS, Small-flowering Varieties—	5 cts	s. ea	ıch,	\$2	per
Coccinea. Hardy native sort, with bright Ea	.ch	D)Z.	L	00
scarlet flowers	10	80	85	\$6	50
Flammula. Pure white; very sweet			85		
3-yrold plants Paniculata (Virgin's Bower)—	15	I	50	10	00
No. 1, XX strong, 3-yrold plants No. 2, strong, 2-yrold plants No. 3, strong, 1-yrold plants Virginiana	15	I	50 15 75 00	8 5	00
EUONYMUS radicans. Evergreen climber. Of this very useful evergreen climber, we have a large stock of transplanted, field-grown clumps, especially useful for immediate effect.					
Extra-strong clumps	25 15		50 50		
sions	ΙO	1	00	7	50

Euonymus radicans variegata. Variegated Eacleaves. 3-yr-old cuttings ,	h 10	So.	7.5	S;	- - -
HONEYSUCKLE (Lonicera)— Belgica, Early Red. Germanica, White.					
Coccinea, Scarlet trumpet. Flavum, Yellow trumpet.					
Extra-strong imported roots of above varieties, 6 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.	- to	8-	foot	vir	ies.
Aurea reticulata. Yellow foliage. Chinensis (Chinese Purple Honeysuckle). Halleana. Pure white, changing to buff. Evergreen.					
Extra-strong field-grown clumps of above four vari \$1.50 per doz., \$12 per 100. Two-year-old, fie each, \$1 per doz., \$7.50 per 100.	etie: eld	s, 16 plar	i cts its,	12	ch,
Honeysuckle, French. See Hedysarum, in perennial List.					
E.	ich	1)	12.	11	:
HUMULUS Lupulus (Perennial Hop)\$0 Aureus (Golden-Leaf Hop)	05 15	\$0 1	50	53	50
IVIES, Hardy English— Field-grown, first grade, extra-heavy, 3- to					
4-ft. vines			2.5	10	00
ft. vines			00		50
IPOMŒA pandurata (Hardy Moon Vine)	10		7.5	5	50
JASMINUM nudiflorum (Hardy Yellow Jasmine)		1	00	-	50
KUDZU VINE. See Pueraria.	- 3			,	
LATHYRUS latifolius (Everlasting Sweet Pea).					
Red	12	1	00	O	50
Latifolius albus. White	12	1	00	0	50
Mary Lovett. Rose	15	I		10	
White Pearl	25	2	50		
LYCIUM Barbatum (Matrimony Vine)	10	I	00	7	50
POLYGONUM Baldschuanicum. New hardy					
white climber	50	5	00		
PUERARIA Thunbergiana (Kudzu Vine). or Jack-and-the-Bean-Stalk). One of the most rapid-growing. Makes a growth of					
50 to 75 feet in one season. 1-yrold pot-			2.0	/>	
plants					
Strong, imported Japanese roots			50	10	
ROSES, Climbing and Creeping. See page 22.					
WISTARIA Sinensis. Extra-strong, imported					
plants, 5 yrs, old, Blue or White	50	5	00		
Extra-strong, 3 yrs. old, Blue or White	25	2	50		
Strong, 2 yrs. old, Blue or White	15	I	50	10	00
7/		e de	V.	3	19

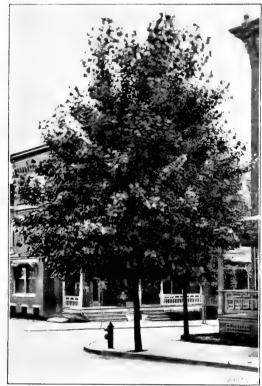


Clematis paniculata

The plants arrived in excellent condition, and I feel very sure they will all do well. I greatly appreciate your generous courtesy, and I assure you it will prove a good advertisement of your house, as I shall take much pleasure in speaking of such an unsual experience, and recommending those whose methods are so honorable.—EMILE S. G. HOLCOMBE, President Connecticut Society of Colonial Dames, Hartford, Conn., May 25, 1909.

Shade and Ornamental Trees

ACER Wieri (Wier's Cut-leaved Silver Maple). Each	Doz.
8 to 10 ft., 11 in. caliper\$0 75	\$7 50
12 to 14 ft., 2½ in. cal 3 50	
Platanoides (Norway Maple).	
8 to 10 ft., 11 in. cal 1 00	10 00
12 to 14 in., 2½ in. cal	
Saccharinum (Sugar Maple). 8 to 10 ft 1 00	
12 to 15 ft., 1½ in. cal 1 50	15 00
Schwedleri (Purple-leaved Maple). 5 to 7 ft 75	
8 to 10 ft	12 50
10 to 12 ft., 2 in. cal 2 00	20 00



Carolina Poplar

	ÆSCULUS Hippocastanum (Horse-Chestnut).	Ea	ch		ìZ.
	8 to 10 ft	\$ I	50	\$15	00
	, 10 to 12 ft., 21 in. cal	- 3	50		
ŀ	BETÜLA alba (White Birch). 8 to 10 ftz		75	7	50
	10 to 12 ft		00	10	00
	CATALPA speciosa (Western Catalpa). 8 to 10 ft.		75	7	50
1	10 to 12 ft	ī	00		
i	Bungei. See Flowering Shrub section.				
1	FAGUS Americana (American Beech). 2 to 3 ft		50		00
	Purpurea (Purple Beech). 4 ft., bushy		00		00
	2 to 3 ft.,		75	7	50
	LIQUIDAMBAR styraciflua (American Sweet Gum)				
	‡ to 6 ft		75		50
	6 to 8 ft	1	00	10	00
	PLATANUS orientalis (Oriental Plane).				
	.8 to 10 ft., 1¼ in. cal	I	00	10	00
	POPULUS Caroliniana (Carolina Poplar).				
ŀ	8 to 10 ft., 1\frac{1}{4} in. cal		50		00
	12 to 13 ft., $1\frac{3}{4}$ in. cal Larger sizes priced on application.		7.5	7	50
	Fastigiata (Lombardy Poplar).				
l	8 to 10 ft., 14 in. cal		50	<	00
1	12 to 13 ft., 13/4 in. cal		75	7	50
	QUERCUS Coccinea (Scarlet Oals).		15	,	J
)	6 to 8 ft	I	00	10	00
	10 to 12 ft		00		00
	Palustris (Pin Oak). 6 to 8 ft	I	00	10	00
1	10 to 12 ft	I	25	12	
1	Alba (White Oak). 6 to 8 ft	1	50		.,
ĺ	ROBINIA Pseudacacia (Yellow Locust). 8 to 10 ft		50	5	00
	SALISBURIA adiantifolia (Maidenhair Tree).				
1	8 to 10 ft		75		50
1	10 to 12 ft	I	25	12	50
	SALIX Babylonica (Weeping Willow)				
	2 to 3 ft		15	I	50
	8 to 10 ft		50	5	00
	Thurlowi (Thurlow's Weeping Willow).				
	2 to 3 ft		15		50
	8 to 10 ft.		50	0	00
,	TILIA Americana (American Linden). 8 to 10 ft.	1	00		00
	ro to 12 ft., 2 in. cal		75	-	00
	European. 9 to 10 ft	I	00	10	00
ĺ		1	50		
ĺ	ULMUS Americanus (American Elm).		- m	,	
	8 to 10 ft., 1½ in. cal		75		50
ļ	10 to 12 ft	1	25	12	50

Roses, Hardy Dormant Field-grown

Hardy Hybrid Perpetuals

Commonly known as H. P.'s. We offer strong, two-year-old low-budded plants, all selected grade, made up in bundles of five of one variety, at the following prices:

20 cts. each, 90 cts. for 5, \$15 per 100

Where less than five of one variety are wanted, single price will be charged. Special quotations on larger quantities.

Anne de Diesbach. Bright carmine.
Baron de Bonstettin. Blackish crimson.
Baroness Rothschild. Satiny pink.
Captain Christy. Delicate flesh color.
Clio. Satin blush.
Duke of Edinburgh. Bright vermilion.
Fisher Holmes. Dark velvety crimson.
Frau Karl Druschki. Immense snow-white variety.
General Jacqueminot. Brilliant crimson; most popular Rose.
General Washington. Red, shaded crimson.
John Hopper. Bright rose and carmine.
La France. Peach-blossom-pink.
Mabel Morrison. Large pure white.
Madam Plantier. White.
Margaret Dickson. White, with pale flesh center.
Magna Charta. Dark pink.
Mme. Gabriel Luizet. Light satiny pink.
Mrs. John Laing. Rich satiny pink, constant bloomer.
Paul Neyron. Lovely dark pink; large.
Persian Yellow. Hardy yellow Rose.

Soleil d'Or. New; large flowers; color gold and orange, shaded

Prince Camille de Rohan. Dark crimson-maroon.

Ulrich Brunner. Cherry-red; a grand Rose.

with red.

Moss Roses

Blanche Moreau. Pure white. Chapeau de Napoleon. Red, crimson center. Gloire de Mosseux. Pale rose. Old English Moss Rose. Red.

Hybrid Tea Roses

Require some light protection during winter outside.

Dormant plants, 2-year-old, except where noted, 25 cts. each, \$1.15 for 5, \$20 per 100

American Beauty. Deep pink.
Clothilde Soupert. White, changing to rose.
Caroline Testout. Bright pink.
Etoile de France. New; free-flowering; bright red Rose.
Gloire de Dijon. Buff, dark center; sweet-scented.
Gloire de Lyonnaise. Pale lemon.
Gruss an Teplitz. Brightest scarlet; free-blooming.
Hermosa. Flesh-pink.
Kaiserin Augusta Victoria. Ivory-white.
Killarney. Beautiful pink.
Maman Cochet, White.
Mad. Abel Chatenay. Carmine-rose.
Marie Van Houtte. Canary-yellow, deeper center.
Mildred Grant. White, changing to rose.
President Carnot. Fine white.
Reine Marie Henriette. Deep cherry-red.
White La France.

The goods ordered by me arrived in fine condition and are very satisfactory.—Mrs. Allen L. Taft, Spencer, Mass., May 26, 1909.



Maman Cochet Rose

Rambler Roses

Kalliblei Koses					
Blue (Veilchenblau). New. Said to be the Ea		Р	er s	1 (0
first blue Rose sent out. 1-yr. old plants. \$0					
Crimson. Extra-strong, 3 to 4 ft. branches	20	80	00	815	00
4 to 6 ft. branches	25			20	
XX strong, 5 to 6 ft. branches	50	2	2.5	3.5	00
Dorothy Perkins. Shell-pink. Strong plants	20		QO.	15	00
Flower of Fairfield. New. An everblooming					
type of the well-known Crimson Rambler.					
It flowers continuously from spring until					
autumn, very profusely.					
Strong, field plants	00				
Plants from 3-inch pots	50				
Lady Gay. New pink Rambler. Strong	25	ı	1.5	20	00
Philadelphia. Improved Crimson Rambler.					
XX strong				20	
Pink. XX strong, 4 to 6 ft. branches	30	1	3.5	2.5	00
Wedding Bells. New. White and pink flowers.					
Similar in habit of growth to the Crimson					
Rambler, Extra-strong field plants				20	
White. XX strong, 4 to 6 ft. branches		1	35	2.5	
Yellow. XX strong, 4 to 6 ft. branches	30	l	3.5	2.5	00
Baby Rambler Roses	6				
Baby Rambler Roses	6				
Strong field-grown plants	8				
Strong field-grown plants Baby Dorothy, True, Originator's stock,					
Strong field-grown plants Baby Dorothy, True, Originator's stock, Pink,	S 25	1	15	20	00
Strong field-grown plants Baby Dorothy, True, Originator's stock, Pink, Madam Norbert Levavasseur, Dwarf or bush	25		,		
Strong field-grown plants Baby Dorothy, True, Originator's stock, Pink. Madam Norbert Levavasseur. Dwarf or bush form, everblooming Crimson Rambler	25		00	1.5	00
Strong field-grown plants Baby Dorothy. True. Originator's stock. Pink. Madam Norbert Levavasseur. Dwarf or bush form, everblooming Crimson Rambler Anchen Muller. Pink Baby Rambler	25 20 25	1	00	15	00
Strong field-grown plants Baby Dorothy, True, Originator's stock, Pink. Madam Norbert Levavasseur, Dwarf or bush form, everblooming Crimson Rambler Anchen Muller, Pink Baby Rambler Katherine Zeimet, White Baby Rambler	25 20 25 25	1	00 15 15	15 20 20	00
Strong field-grown plants Baby Dorothy. True. Originator's stock. Pink. Madam Norbert Levavasseur. Dwarf or bush form, everblooming Crimson Rambler Anchen Muller. Pink Baby Rambler	25 20 25	1	00	15 20 20	00
Strong field-grown plants Baby Dorothy, True, Originator's stock, Pink. Madam Norbert Levavasseur. Dwarf or bush form, everblooming Crimson Rambler Anchen Muller. Pink Baby Rambler Katherine Zeimet. White Baby Rambler Mad. Cutbush. Crimson Baby Rambler	25 20 25 25	1	00 15 15	15 20 20	00
Strong field-grown plants Baby Dorothy, True, Originator's stock, Pink. Madam Norbert Levavasseur, Dwarf or bush form, everblooming Crimson Rambler Anchen Muller, Pink Baby Rambler Katherine Zeimet, White Baby Rambler	25 20 25 25	1	00 15 15	15 20 20	00
Strong field-grown plants Baby Dorothy, True, Originator's stock, Pink. Madam Norbert Levavasseur, Dwarf or bush form, everblooming Crimson Rambler Anchen Muller, Pink Baby Rambler Katherine Zeimet, White Baby Rambler Mad. Cutbush, Crimson Baby Rambler Climbing Roses	25 20 25 25 25	1	15 15	15 20 20 2	00 00 00 00
Strong field-grown plants Baby Dorothy, True, Originator's stock, Pink, Madam Norbert Levavasseur, Dwarf or bush form, everblooming Crimson Rambler, Anchen Muller, Pink Baby Rambler, Katherine Zeimet, White Baby Rambler, Mad, Cutbush, Crimson Baby Rambler, Climbing Roses Baltimore Belle, Blush-white	25 20 25 25	1	15 15	15 20 20	00 00 00 00
Strong field-grown plants Baby Dorothy, True, Originator's stock, Pink. Madam Norbert Levavasseur, Dwarf or bush form, everblooming Crimson Rambler Anchen Muller, Pink Baby Rambler Katherine Zeimet, White Baby Rambler Mad. Cutbush, Crimson Baby Rambler Climbing Roses Baltimore Belle, Blush-white Climbing Frau Karl Druschki, New, Similar to	25 20 25 25 25	1	15 15	15 20 20 2	00 00 00 00
Strong field-grown plants Baby Dorothy. True. Originator's stock. Pink. Madam Norbert Levavasseur. Dwarf or bush form, everblooming Crimson Rambler Anchen Muller. Pink Baby Rambler Katherine Zeimet. White Baby Rambler Mad. Cutbush. Crimson Baby Rambler Climbing Roses Baltimore Belle. Blush-white Climbing Frau Karl Druschki. New. Similar to the well-known variety of this name, except	25 20 25 25 25	1	15 15	15 20 20 2	00 00 00 00
Strong field-grown plants Baby Dorothy. True. Originator's stock. Pink. Madam Norbert Levavasseur. Dwarf or bush form, everblooming Crimson Rambler Anchen Muller. Pink Baby Rambler Katherine Zeimet. White Baby Rambler Mad. Cutbush. Crimson Baby Rambler Climbing Roses Baltimore Belle. Blush-white Climbing Frau Karl Druschki. New. Similar to the well-known variety of this name, except that this is a more vigorous grower and	25 20 25 25 20	1 1	90 15 15 15	15 20 20 2	00 00 00 00
Strong field-grown plants Baby Dorothy, True, Originator's stock, Pink, Madam Norbert Levavasseur, Dwarf or bush form, everblooming Crimson Rambler Anchen Muller, Pink Baby Rambler Katherine Zeimet, White Baby Rambler Katherine Zeimet, White Baby Rambler Climbing Roses Baltimore Belle, Blush-white Climbing Frau Karl Druschki, New, Similar to the well-known variety of this name, except that this is a more vigorous grower and climber. Strong plants	25 20 25 25 20 20 75	1 1	90 15 15 15	15 20 20 2	00 00 00 00
Strong field-grown plants Baby Dorothy. True. Originator's stock. Pink. Madam Norbert Levavasseur. Dwarf or bush form, everblooming Crimson Rambler Anchen Muller. Pink Baby Rambler Katherine Zeimet. White Baby Rambler Katherine Zeimet. White Baby Rambler Climbing Roses Baltimore Belle. Blush-white Climbing Frau Karl Druschki. New. Similar to the well-known variety of this name, except that this is a more vigorous grower and climber. Strong plants Madame Plantier. White	25 20 25 25 25 20 725	1 1	00 15 15 15 15	15 20 20 2	00 00 00 00
Strong field-grown plants Baby Dorothy, True, Originator's stock, Pink, Madam Norbert Levavasseur, Dwarf or bush form, everblooming Crimson Rambler Anchen Muller, Pink Baby Rambler Katherine Zeimet, White Baby Rambler Katherine Zeimet, White Baby Rambler Climbing Roses Baltimore Belle, Blush-white Climbing Frau Karl Druschki, New, Similar to the well-known variety of this name, except that this is a more vigorous grower and climber. Strong plants	25 20 25 25 20 20 75	1 1	90 15 15 15	15 20 20 2	00 00 00 00

Wichuraiana Trailing Roses	
Wichuraiana, or Memorial Rose. White. Each Per s	100
2 to 3 ft. So 75 8 Wichuraiana Hybrids. Best named varieties. Dorothy Perkins, South Orange Perfection, Gardinia, Universal Favorite, and Manda's Triumph 25 1 15	\$12 00
Tree or Standard Roses Crimson Ramblers General Jacqueminot Paul Neyron Prince Camille de Rohan Margaret Dickson Mrs. John Laing Magna Charta Other varieties named on application.	. 50 . 50 . 50
Baby Ramblers, standard form	(10
2003	
Rosa Rugosa Roses	
White or Red. Strong, 2-yrold plants s So 20 So 90 So 20 Conrad F. Meyer. Clear silvery rose; fragrant bud resembles La France	\$15 00

Standard Shrubs

GROWN AND TRAINED IN TREE AND UMBRELLA FORM

ALTHEA. Single and double nowers; colors separate.		
3- to 4-ft. stems, 3-yr. heads	Si	7.5
AMYGDALIS, or FLOWERING ALMOND.		
4-ft. stems, 3-vr. heads	1	
AZALEA Mollis. 2- to 3-ft. stems, 12- to 15-in. heads	1	5
CATALPA Bungei. 5- to 6-ft. stems, 2-vr. heads		
5- to 6-ft, stems, 3-yr, heads		
CYTISUS Laburnum (Golden Chain). 5- to 6-ft. stems.		
	1	5
HYDRANGEA paniculata grandiflora		
3- to 4-ft. stems, very fine specimens	1	00
2}-ft. stems, fine plants		50
21-ft. stems, good plants		35
PRIVET, California. 4- to 5-ft. stems, 2-yr. heads		7.5
4- to 5-ft. stems, 3-yr. heads		
Golden or yellow leaves, 4- to 5-ft. stems, specimen		
heads, 2-ft. spread		
PRUNUS triloba fl. pl. (Double Flowering Plum).		
3- to 4-ft. stems, 3-yr. heads	1	
RIBES sanguineum (Red-flowering Currant).		
4-ft. stems, 3-yr. heads	1	
	1	
ROSES, Standards. See page 22.		
SYRINGA vulgaris (Lilacs) . 3-ft. stems, 3-yr. heads		
French Named Sorts. 3-ft. stems, 3-yr. heads	1	2.5
VIBURNUM Opulus sterile (Common Snowball).		
Specimens, 6- to 8-ft. stems, very large heads	1	5 5
Plicatum (Japan Snowball). 3-ft. stems, 3-yr. heads		75
WISTARIA Sinensis. 3- to 4-ft, stems, 4-vr. heads		
1 4 4 4		



Catalpa Bungei

Deciduous Flowering Shrubs

ABELIA Chinensis grandiflora. small shrub of graceful habit. Produces during the entire summer and fall, heather-like, waxy white flowers, tinted with lilac in such quantities as to completely cover the plant. 1 to 1½ ft., transplanted. 50 cts. each. 2 to 3 ft., transplanted. 75 cts. each. 2 to 3 ft., transplanted, with balls. \$1 each. ALTHEAS. Strong plants, in the following varieties: Each Doz. 100 2 to 3 ft. 15 1 50 12 00 3 to 4 ft. 25 2 00 15 00

Boule de Feu. Double, red. Cærulea plena. Double, blue. Coelestis. Single, light blue. Crested Beauty. White, with crimson eye. Jeanne d'Arc. Double, pure white.

Lady Stanley. Double, white. Rosea plena. Double, rose.

Totus albus. Single, pure white Violacea. Double, rosy lilac. Each AZALEA Amœna. 1 to 11/2 ft., 3 yrs. old .. \$0 75 \$7 50 Mollis. 10 to 12 in. high, 10 to 20 buds.. 25 2 50 \$20 00 12 to 15 in. high, 15 to 25 buds 4 00 10 Extra-strong, 20 to 30 buds 6 50 50 00 75 Pontica. 15 to 20 in..... 75 7 50 BACCHARIS Halimifolia. 4 ft..... 25 2 00 15 00 BERBERIS purpurea. 24 in. Ι2 I 00 50 Thunbergii. 12 to 18 in..... 1 00 24 to 30 in..... 2 00 CALYCANTHUS floridus (Strawberry Shrub). 2 00 15 00 CARYOPTERIS mastacanthus. See Peren-CERCIS Canadensis. 3 to 4 ft. 2 50 CHIONANTHUS Virginica (White Fringe). 3 to 4 ft. 5 00 CORCHORUS Japonica. 2 to 3 ft...... 2 50 25 Variegata. 2 to 3 ft...... 2 00 25 15 00 18 to 24 in... 1 50 12 00 1.5 CORNUS alba (Red-branched Dogwood). White berries. 3 to 4 ft. 20 00 1 50 10 00 Florida (White Dogwood). 3 to 4 ft.... 50 4 00 5 to 6 ft. . . 7 50 Florida rubra. (Red-flowering Dogwood). 75 7 50 Sericea (Silky Dogwood). Blue berries. 15 1 50 10 00 CYDONIA Japonica (Japanese Quince). 3 ft. 25 2 00 15 00 CYTISUS Laburnum (Golden Chain). 2 to 3 ft. 15 1 50 DAPHNE Cneorum. See Novelties for description and price. DESMODIUM penduliflorum 25 2 00 DEUTZIA candidissima. Double, white. 3 to 4 ft. 2 00 15 00 Crenata fl. pl. Double pink. 3 to 4 ft... 2 00 10 1 00 I 50 10 00 8 50 1 50 Pride of Rochester. 3 to 4 ft. and over.... 25 2 00 15 00 ELÆANGUS longipes. 3 to 4 ft..... 25 2 00 15 00

EXOCHORDA grandiflora. 2 to 3 ft......

FORSYTHIA viridissima. Strong, 3 to 4 ft...

HYDRANGEA arborescens grandiflora alba. New. Flowers pure white. Very large, same shape as Otaksa; perfectly hardy

Fortunei. Strong, 3 to 4 ft.....

Suspensa. 3 to 4 ft.....

2 00 15 00

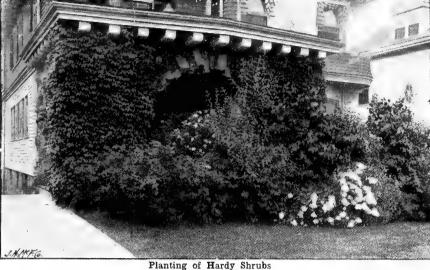
12.50

25 2 00 15 00

20 1 75 12 50

1 75 12 50

20 I 75



Hydrangea arborescens grandiflora alba, contin	ued.		
outside. Like Paniculata, the new			
wood flowers first year. Field plants. E		Doz.	100
1 to 3 ft., 1 to 3 stems			
From 3-in. pots	35	3 50 1 00	\$6 00
Paniculata grandiflora. 2½ to 3 ft., 2 to 4	1.3	1 00	1,117 00
branches	15	1 50	10 00
3 ft. and over, 4 to 5 branches, XX	20	2 00	15 00
ILEX crenata. 3 ft., extra strong	75	7 50	
KALMIA latifolia (Mountain Laurel).			
1½ to 2 ft	60	6 00	45 00
2 to 3 ft	7.5	7 50	60 00
3 to 4 ft	50	15 00	
LILACS. See Syringas.			
LIGUSTRUM. See Privet.			
LONICERA Morrowii. 3 to 4 ft	25	2 00	15 00
Tatarica (Bush Honeysuckle). 2 to 3 ft	15	1 50	12 00
MAGNOLIA, Assorted. 3 to 4 ft., with ball	25	12 50	
MAHONIA aquifolia. Extra-strong, 2 ft.,			
with ball	50	5 00	10 00
Tananias	25	2 50	20 00
Japonica. 12 to 15 in.	25	2 50	
Extra-strong, 2 ft., with ball	50	5 00	40 00
PHILADELPHUS coronarius (Mock Orange, or Syringa). 2 to 3 ft.		* #0	
3 to 4 ft	15 25	1 50 2 00	10 00
4 to 5 ft	35	3 50	25 00
Grandiflorus. 2 to 3 ft	15	1 50	10 00
3 to 4 ft	25	2 00	15 00
4 to 5 ft	35	3 50	25 00
PRIVET, California.			
12 to 18 in			1 50
2 to 3 ft., 2 yrs \$35 per 1,000.		7 5	2 00
3 to 4 ft., 3 yrs		75 85	5 50
4 ft., bushy; fine for screens	25	2 50	20 00
Ibota. 1½ to 2 ft	15	1 50	00 01
3 to 4 ft.	25	2 50	15 00
Regelianum. 1½ to 2 ft	1.5	1 50	10 00
2 to 2½ ft	25	2 00	15 00
2 to 3 ft	2 5	2 50	
Pissardi. 2 to 3 ft	25 25	2 50 2 50	
3 to 4 ft	35	3 50	
PYRUS Bechteli (Bechtel's Double-flowering	0.0	., .,	
Crab-Apple). 4 to 5 ft	60	6 00	
RHODOTYPUS kerrioides. 2 to 3 ft	25	2 00	15 00
RHUS Cotinus (Purple Fringe). 2 to 3 ft	20	1 75	12 00
3 to 4 ft	25	2 50	20 00
RIBES (Flowering Currant).			
Aureum. Yellow. 2 to 3 ft	25	2 00	15 00
Sanguineum. Red. 1 to 2 ft	25	2 00	15 00
ROBINIA hispida (Rose Acacia). 2 to 3 ft	25	2 50	
ROSA rubiginosa (Sweetbrier). 2 to 3 ft	15	1 75	12 00
For other varieties, see Roses.			
SAMBUCUS nigra aurea (Golden Elder).			
Extra-strong, 2 to 3 ft	20	1 75	12 00
3 to 4 ft.	25	2 00	15 00
SPIRÆA. Anthony Waterer. 18 to 24 in	15	1 50	10 00
Billardii. 3 to 4 ft.	25	2 00	15 00
	15	1 50	10 00



SPECIALTIES

ERENNIALS PHLOX

PAEONIES

IRIS

DAHLIAS

ROSES

CONIFERAE

PALISADES NURSERIES, INC.

FORMERLY CONDUCTED BY CLUCAS & BODDINGTON CO.

GROWERS OF TREES, SHRUBS AND PLANTS

TELEPHONE 200 PIERMONT

SPARKILL N. Y., Spring 1910.

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To buy our personal requirements, no matter in what line of trade at wholesale, trade or factory rates, is to most of us unusual.

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A short perusal of our prices in comparison with those of more elaborate or retail catalogues should be convincing proof of the great advantage you are receiving.

Beside the great saving we intend it to remove the bugbear that often frightens one when improvements in the permanent garden are suggested.

TO DEMONSTRATE: Sufficient plants for a permanent Hardy border 100 ft. long X 3 ft. wide need not cost more than \$15.00 for 250 plants (close planting) and we would assist you without extra cost in the selection and furnish a plan and planting list easily understood. A larger or lesser quantity at about the same proportion of cost.

The quality of stock we send out and the service we give goes without saying "is the best" which is attested by the many complimentary letters received from responsible customers.

We solicit enquiries and will gladly give information and advice where any special effects are desired.

Awaiting your valued orders,

Yours very truly.

PALISADES NURSERIES.

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HOUSE & GARDEN shows in picture and text all that is best in house building, furnishing and interior decoration. In strong, readable articles, by men who know their subjects and who are authorities on what they write, the various architectural styles are pictured and described—Colonial, English Half-timber, Cement, Stucco, Tudor, Mission, Bungalow, etc. All the ramifications of the subject are taken up in articles which will delight and help every home-maker—the various rooms of the house, hallways, stairways, chimneys,

hallways, stairways, chimneys, fireplaces, porches, windows, entrances, outdoor sleeping and living rooms, wall coverings, rugs, curtains, pictures, draperies, antique furniture and furnishings, and the innumerable things about the house in which every home owner is interested. The articles are superbly illustrated by the finest half-tone engravings.



The surroundings of the house are as important as the interior for comfort and beauty, and HOUSE & GARDEN deals adequately with this delightful side of country living. Its treatment of the subject is essentially practical, is of interest alike to the beginner or advanced gardener and for the small plot as well as for the large estate. It covers every phase of the subject from window-boxes to landscaping: The vegetable garden, the flower garden, the fruit garden, bulbs, shrubs, trees, hardy flowers, hedges, vines and trailers, the lawn, the water

and trailers, the lawn, the water garden, the rock garden, hotbeds, coldframes, the greenhouse, fertilizers, insecticides and the thousand and one things that demand the interest and attention of every garden-maker. There is even a Beginner's Department which deals with first principles from which the most inexperienced can work.

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The issues for the next six months will be full of notable articles on the home, its building and furnishing, and its surroundings. The April number will be a splendid Spring Gardening Annual especially devoted to the garden and its work,—this issue alone will be of invaluable service to those interested in the beauty and utility of the garden. The subscription price of HOUSE & GARDEN is \$3. a year, but the publishers have made a Special Rate to our patrons so they may get the magazine for six months for \$1., which includes all the important gardening issues of the Spring and early Summer.

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Name	*************		
	Address		

DECIDUOUS FLOWERING SHRUBS, continued



Bed of	Rhode	odendror	18
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SPIRÆA, continued	Eac	ch	De	oz.	10	0
Douglasi. 1½ to 2 ft	So.	15	SI	50	\$10	00
3 ft		25	2	00	15	00
Opulifolia aurea. Golden. 1½ to 2 ft		15	1	50	10	00
3 to 4 ft		25	2	00	15	00
Reevesii. 2 to 3 ft		25	2	00	15	00
Prunifolia (Bridal Wreath). 11 to 2 ft		15	1	50	10	00
3 to 4 ft		25	2	50	20	00
Thunbergii. 2 to 3 ft		25	2	00	15	00
Van Houttei. 2 to 3 ft.		15	1	50	10	00
3 to 4 ft		25	2	00	15	00

NG SHRUBS, continued						
					0	
White. 2 to 3 ft				\$15		
3 to 4 ft	30		50		00	
	15		50		00	
3 to 4 ft	25		00		00	
SYRINGAS, or LILACS—	-			.,		
Vulgaris. Purple. 2 to 3 ft	20	1	75	1.2	50	
3 to 4 ft	25		00		00	
Vulgaris alba. White. 2 to 3 ft	20	1	75		50	
3 to 4 ft	25	2	50		00	
Persica. Purple. 2 to 3 ft., bushy	25		00			
Persica alba. White. 2 to 3 ft., bushy	25	2	00			
Named Varieties of New French Lilacs, as follow	S					
I to 2 ft	25	2	50	20	00	
Charles X. Reddish purple.						
Marie Legraye. Creamy white.						
Madam Casimir Perier. Double white.						
Madam Lemoine. Double, white.						
Michael Buchner. Double, lilac.						
Souv. de L. Spæth. Dark lilac.						
TAMARIX Africana. 2 to 3 ft	15	I	50	10	00	
3 to 4 ft	25	2	00	15	00	
VITEX Agnus-castus. 2 to 3 ft.	25	2	50			
VIBURNUM (Snowball)—						
Opulus sterile. 2 to 3 ft	15	I	50	12	00	
3 to 4 ft	25	2	00	1.5	00	
Opulus sterile nanum. (Dwarf Snowball).						
12 to 18 in., transplanted	25	2	00	15	00	
Plicatum (Japan Snowball). 2 to 3 ft	25	2	00		00	
3 to 4 ft	30		00		00	
WEIGELA, Eva Rathke. 2 to 3 ft	20		00	15	00	
3 to 4 ft	25		50			
Candida. 3 to 4 ft.	25		00		00	
Rosea. 3 to 4 ft.	25		00		00	
Nana variegata. 3 to 4 ft	0	2			00	
XANTHOCERAS sorbifolia. 2 to 3 ft	30	3	00	20	00	

Evergreens and Conifers

ABIES—	Ea	ch
Concolor (Colorado Silver Fir). 2 to 2½ ft		00
Nordmanniana (Nordmann's Fir). 21 to 3 ft	1	50
3 to 4 ft	2	50
4½ to 5 ft., specimens	5	00
Nobilis glauca. 4 ft., specimens	6	00
BUXUS (Tree Box). We have a fine stock of acclimated		
trees, perfect in form, and all we offer would be		
suitable specimens for isolated positions.		
Pyramidal, or Cone-shaped. 3 ft. high	2	00
4 ft. high		
41 ft. high		
5 ft. high		00
Aurea (Golden Box). Fine spec., 3½ to 4 ft. high \$5 to		00
Bush or Natural Growth. May be clipped as desired.		
12 in. high		25
1 to 1½ ft. high		50
1½ to 2 ft. high		75
2 to 3 ft. high	2	50
3½ to 4 ft. high	5	00
Standard, or Umbrella Shape.		
Stems 2½ to 3 ft., 18 to 20 in. diam. head	2	50
15 to 18 in. diam. head	2	00
Suffruticosa, for edging. 3 to 4 in., 50 cts. per doz.,		
\$3 per 100, \$25 per 1,000.		
ILEX crenata. See Shrubs.		
JUNIPERUS Virginiana (Red Cedar). 2 to 3 ft. high		50
Virginiana glauca. 2 to 3 ft. high	1	50
Hibernica. 2 to 3 ft		50
PICEA Alcockiana (Alcock's Spruce). 3 ft	i	50
Fine specimens, 6 ft. and upwards\$7.50 to		
Alba (White Spruce). 2 to 3 ft		50
3 to 4 ft	1	00
Excelsa (Norway Spruce). 11 to 2 ft		25
2 to 3 ft		50
3 to 4 ft		75
4 to 5 ft	1	50
Orientalis (Oriental Spruce). 4 to 5 ft., fine specimens		50
Pungens glauca Kosteri (Koster's Blue Spruce). True. 2 ft		50
3 ft	.5	00
4 to 5 ft	7	50
Pungens (Colorado Green Spruce). 3 to 4 ft	1	25
PINUS Austriaca (Austrian Pine). 2 to 3 ft		60
3 to 4 ft	1	25
4 to 5 ft		00
Cembra (Swiss Stone Pine). 2 to 3 ft	1	00
Mugho (Dwarf Mountain Pine). 12 to 15 in. across		00
15 to 18 in. across		7.5
Strobus (White Pine), 2 to 3 ft		50
3 to 4 ft		75
		-

•	and Conifers		
		Ea	ch
	Pinus sylvestris (Scotch Pine). 3 to 4 ft	00	75
	5 to 6 ft	2	50
	RETINOSPORA filifera. (Japan Cedar.) 3 to 4 ft	2	50
	Obtusa gracilis. 2 to 3 ft	1	50
	Obtusa aurea. 2 to 2½ ft.		
	Pisifera. 2½ to 3 ft	2	00
	Pisifera aurea. 2 to 3 ft. Plumosa. 2 to 3 ft.	1	50
	3 to 4 ft	2	00
	Plumosa aurea. 3 to 4 ft.	I	50
	4 to 5 ft	2	50
	Squarrosa Veitchii. 2 to 3 ft	X	25
	3 to 4 ft,	2	50
	4 to 5 ft	3	00
	RHODODENDRON Catawbiense (Native). Rosy lilac; very		
	hardy. 15 to 18 in.		50
	18 to 24 in		60
	Specimens, 3 to 4 ft	2	00
	Maximum. White, shading to rose; hardy native variety.		75
	Strong, collected plants, f. o. b. our Nursery, 2 to 3		
	ft., with ball\$7.50 per doz., \$50 per 1,000		75
	3 to 4 ft., with ball \$10 per doz., \$75 per 1,000	I	00
	4 to 5 ft	2	50
	5 to 6 ft	5	00
	Price in carload lots and other particulars on application.		
	Ponticum. Purple, spotted brown. Fine specimen plants, with buds, 3 ft and over high; many branches; trans-		
	planted\$1.50 to	2	00
	Hardy Hybrids. In the best named varieties, 15 to 18 in.	-	
	high		50
	18 to 24 in. high	1	00
	2 to 3 ft		50
	SCIADOPITYS verticillata (Japanese Umbrella Pine). 4 ft		50
	5 to 6 ft	7	50
	Larger specimens, from 6 to 8 ft. high\$10 to		00
	THUYA occidentalis (American Arborvitæ). 2 to 3 ft		25
	3 to 4 ft		50
	4 to 5 ft		25
	THUYOPSIS Dolobrata. (Nootka Sound Cypress). 3 ft		50
	TOUGH Consideration III and a sound Cypress). 3 ft	2	50
	TSUGA Canadensis (Hemlock). 1½ to 2 ft., bushy		-
	2 to 2\frac{1}{2} ft		75
	VACCINIUM macrocarpon (Hardy Cranberry). See Novel-	A	-5
	ties for description. Strong clumps		
	\$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.		15
	YUCCA filamentosa. Fine large plant. See perennials.		- 0
1	HE PALISADES NURSERIES Sparkill N		V